1 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN THE EIGHTEENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT 2 IN AND FOR BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA 3 CASE NUMBER: 05-2012-CF-035337-AXXX-XX 4 Case # 05-2012-CF-035337-AXXX-XX 5 STATE OF FLORIDA, 6 Plaintiff, 7 versus ORIGINAL 8 BRANDON LEE BRADLEY 9 Defendant, 10 11 12 VOLUME VI OF XV 13 TRANSCRIPT OF DIGITAL RECORDED JURY TRIAL, 14 SPENCER HEARING AND SENTENCING 15 The transcript of the Digital Recorded 16 Proceedings taken in the above-styled cause, at the Moore 17 Justice Center, 2825 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, 18 Florida, on the 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 26th, 27th, 28th and 31st day of March, the 1st, 3rd, 4th and 8th day of 19 20 April, 2014 (Trial), the 5th day of June, 2014 (Spencer 21 Hearing), and the 27th day of June, 2014 (Sentencing), 22 before the Honorable Morgan Reinman. 23 RYAN REPORTING REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL REPORTERS 24

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MR. MOORE: Could we? 1 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 2 No objection. May we approach? 3 MR. MOORE: THE COURT: Yes, you may. 4 (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out 5 6 of the hearing of the jury as follows:) 7 MR. MOORE: My memory may be a little hazy but I don't recall that there has been an examination of 8 that phone at this point in time or the data taken 9 10 from it and so until that point in time arrives, then 11 it's irrelevant and we'd object to it being admitted 12 as irrelevant. MR. MCMASTER: Agent Reynolds testified that 13 they executed a search warrant on it and retrieved 14 that information. 15 16 THE COURT: Some of that information has been 17 introduced, the numbers from that -- remember the specific numbers during that period of time on March 18 19 the 6th. MR. MOORE: Well, if there's any further 20 21 examination, until that examination is testified to 22 then the phone itself would be irrelevant. THE COURT: I'll overrule that objection. 23 24 Okay. Thank you.

(Thereupon, the benchside conference was

concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:) 1 THE COURT: Okay. State's BI will be received 2 as State's 128. 3 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 128 was 4 marked and received in evidence.) 5 BY MR. MCMASTER: 6 Officer Streiff, once the cell phone was seized 7 by the Melbourne Police Department, was it subsequently 8 turned over to the sheriff's office for further 9 10 examination? 11 Yes, it was. And this is the cell phone that the homeowner 12 indicated was not his and not belonging to him? 13 That is correct. 14 Α MR. MCMASTER: State requests permission to 15 16 publish Exhibit 128 to the jury. 17 THE COURT: Yes, you may. MR. MCMASTER: No further questions. 18 THE COURT: We'll wait until after they've 19 20 published it. (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 128 was 21 22 published to the jury.) THE COURT: Okay. Cross examination by the 23 Defense. 24 MR. MOORE: No questions.

THE COURT: Okay. Sir, thank you for your 2 testimony, you're free to step down. (Thereupon, the witness exited the witness 3 stand.) 4 MR. MCMASTER: State calls Amy Siewert. 5 6 THEREUPON, 7 AMY SIEWERT, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified 8 9 upon her oath as follows: THE COURT: Ma'am, if you'll please be seated 10 11 in the witness chair and once seated if you'll scoot 12 that chair forward. Do adjust that microphone and do 13 talk into the microphone. Okay. Mr. McMaster. Thank you, Your Honor. 14 MR. MCMASTER: 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. MCMASTER: 17 0 Good morning. 18 Α Good morning. 19 If you would, please state your name and spell 20 your last name for the record? 21 Α Amy Siewert, S-I-E-W-E-R-T. 22 And how are you employed? 0 23 I am employed by the Department of Florida Law Α Enforcement Orlando Regional Operations Center. 24 And in what capacity with FDLE? 25 Q

A I am a crime laboratory analyst assigned to the firearms section.

Q And how long have you done that?

A I have been with FDLE for almost twelve years, nine of which have been with the firearms section.

Q Would you tell the ladies and gentlemen of the jury your education and training and background to hold the position of an analyst with the Florida Department of Law Enforcement in the firearms section?

A I have Bachelor's of Science degree in chemistry. In addition I completed a six month firearms training program as a forensic technologist and this enabled me to perform function examinations on firearms.

As an analyst I had an additional fourteen months of hands on structured training in firearms identification, this included firearm operating systems, identification of bullets and cartridge cases and distance determinations and clothing.

Q And in your capacity as an analyst with FDLE, have you in fact performed examinations on firearms in the past?

A Yes.

Q How many different occasions?

I've probably examined several thousand

firearms over my time.

- Q Have you testified in courts of law in the State of Florida with respect to the firearm examinations that you have conducted?
  - A Yes, I have.
  - Q How many occasions?
  - A Twenty-one.
  - Q And have you been accepted by those courts as an expert in your field of firearms examinations?
    - A Yes.

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- Q Miss Siewert, did you have an occasion to assist the Brevard County Sheriff's Office by examining a firearm and related materials in the case involving the death of Deputy Barbara Pill?
- 14 A I did.
- Do you recall when you became involved in the investigation?
  - A May I refer to my?
- 18 Q Certainly, if it would refresh your 19 recollection.
  - A I received the evidence on March 15th of 2012.
  - Q And what evidence did you receive?
  - A I received a firearm magazine, eight fired cartridge cases and eight fired projectiles or components of projectiles.
  - MR. MCMASTER: Approach the witness, Your

1 Honor? THE COURT: Yes, you may. 2 3 BY MR. MCMASTER: Showing you first what has been entered into evidence as State's Exhibit 124. 5 MR. MCMASTER: Approach the witness? 6 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 7 BY MR. MCMASTER: 8 Would you look at that and tell me if you can 9 identify it? 10 11 I can. Α And how can you identify it? 12 By the FDLE case number, exhibit number and my 13 Α initials. 14 I take it you placed those on the box? 15 16 Α Yes. 17 And did you in fact examine the firearm that's inside the box? 18 I did. 19 What type of tests did you perform on the 20 firearm itself? 21 22 I performed a standard firearm examination to determine if the firearm was functioning and safe to test 23 fire and then using laboratory ammunition I test fired the 24

firearm.

- 2 Showing you what has been marked for 2 identification as State's Exhibit EF, Echo Foxtrot, look 3 at that and tell me if you can identify that?
  - A Yes, I can.

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- Q How can you identify it?
- A Again, the FDLE case number, exhibit number and my initials.
- 8 Q Does it match the weapon that was submitted as 9 Exhibit 124?
  - A Can you rephrase?
- 11 Q Was it submitted in connection with the same 12 case?
- 13 A Yes, it was from the same case.
- 14 Q From the Brevard County Sheriff's Office?
- 15 A Correct.
- Q And I take it Exhibit EF is sealed up with your initials and evidence tape, is that correct?
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q If you would, Miss Siewert, would you please 20 open Exhibit EF and look at the object inside? Can you 21 identify it?
- 22 A Yes, it is -- may I pull it out?
- Q Certainly.
- 24 A It is a magazine.
- 25 Q And is it in substantially the same condition

today as it was on the day that you received it for examination?

A Yes.

MR. MCMASTER: State would move Exhibit EF into evidence at this time.

THE COURT: Response from the Defense.

MR. MOORE: No objection.

THE COURT: Okay. EF will be received as

State's Exhibit 129.

(Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 129 was marked and received in evidence.)

12 BY MR. MCMASTER:

Q What was the testing that you did with Exhibit 124 and 129?

A I as previously stated had examined the firearm to see whether it was safe to test fire, I made notes of make, model, serial number, I checked the integrity of the barrel, the frame to ensure that it was safe and then using laboratory ammunition the firearm and the magazine test fired into our water tank and then I retained the tests, the fired cartridge cases and bullets.

Q And did you determine whether or not the weapon was in fact operational?

A Yes, the firearm was functional.

Q Was there anything in particular that you

measured with respect to the weapon utilizing the magazine and the ammo from FDLE?

- A I measured the trigger pull.
- Q What's the purpose of that?

A The trigger pull is the amount of force in pounds required to pull the trigger and release the firing mechanism.

Q What was it that you determined the trigger pull to be on that particular weapon?

A It was between six and a half and six and three quarter pounds.

Q Is that a standard trigger pull for this type of weapon?

A Yes.

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Q It takes a considerable amount of force to be able to pull the trigger --

MR. MOORE: Objection, calls for opinion, speculation.

THE COURT: As to the form of the question,

I'll sustain the question.

## BY MR. MCMASTER:

Q Does it take a particular amount of force to be able to pull the trigger on this weapon in order to fire or discharge a cartridge through the barrel?

A Yes, the force is between six and a half and

- 1 | six and three quarter pounds.
- 2 Q Did you perform any additional testing on those 3 items?
- 4 A No.

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- Q Showing you what has been marked for identification as Exhibits CT, Charlie Tango, FA, Foxtrot Alpha, FC, Foxtrot Charlie, FH, Foxtrot Hotel, and EL, Echo Lima, if you would look at those and tell me if you can identify them?
- 10 A Yes, I can.
- 11 Q How can you identify them?
- 12 A FDLE case number, exhibit number and my initials.
  - Q And are each of those exhibits sealed up with the evidence tape and your initials and date on them?
- 16 A Yes.
  - Q Did you perform examinations on each one of those items?
- 19 A I did.
  - Q Let's take them one by one. If you could find the one marked as CT first. Can you identify that object?
- 22 A Yes, this is a fired bullet.
- Q And what tests, if any, did you perform on the fired bullet?
- 25 A I microscopically compared this fired bullet to

tests fired from the submitted firearm.

- Q How do you do that?
- A I will put the bullets on to the microscope. I have a comparison microscope which has two different stages allowing me to see two different objects at the same time separated by a hairline and I'm able to compare them side by side and move the stages so I can line them up.
  - Q And where did you get the test projectile from?
  - A From test firing the firearm.
- Q So, you actually put a bullet into the weapon, fired it, recovered the projectile and used that as you the test that you actually fired?
- 14 A Yes.

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- Q And did you then compare it to the projectile that is now marked as Exhibit CT?
- 17 A Yes, I did.
  - Q And what conclusions, if any, did you reach with respect to Exhibit CT?
  - A The bullet was identified as having been fired from the pistol.
    - O Exhibit 124?
- 23 A Yes.
- Q And if you would, could you open the Exhibit
  CT, please. And is Exhibit CT in substantially the same

condition today as the day it was that you examined it and sealed it up?

A It is.

MR. MCMASTER: State would move Exhibit CT into evidence.

THE COURT: Response from the Defense?

MR. MOORE: No objection.

THE COURT: CT will be received as Exhibit

Number 131.

(Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 130 was marked and received in evidence.)

## BY MR. MCMASTER:

Q Miss Siewert, how exactly is it that you make a match to determine that the projectile itself has been fired from the gun?

A What I'm looking at essentially are a series of scratches that are imparted on to the surface of the bullet as it travels down the barrel and what I'm looking for is similarities in the width, the depth and spacial relationship of all of these lines relative to each other.

MR. MCMASTER: And request permission for Miss Siewert to be able to hold up Exhibit 130 and display it and publish it to the jury.

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

## BY MR. MCMASTER:

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- Q If you would, go ahead and show the jury what we're talking about.
  - A (Witness complies.)
- Q And does the information submitted to you indicate where that particular projectile was recovered from?
- A Yes, it does.
- O Where was that?
- 10 A From the side of the front of the vest.
- 11 | Q That's the armored vest worn by Deputy Pill?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Set that one aside. Go ahead and put it back 14 in the envelope, please. Get the envelope marked FA for 15 identification. Can you identify that?
- 16 A Yes, I can. This is also one fired bullet.
  - Q And did you perform a test on that similar to the test that you conducted on Exhibit 130?
    - A I did.
- Q And if you would, go ahead an open that up and take a look inside. And what is Exhibit FA?
- 22 A It is one fired bullet.
- Q And where was this particular bullet recovered from?
- 25 A From the left post lateral chest wall under

skin.

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Q And it was recovered by the medical examiner on the autopsy remains of Deputy Pill?

A I believe so.

Q And did you -- is the exhibit in substantially the same condition today as it was the day that you examined it and sealed it up?

A It is.

MR. MCMASTER: State would move FA as its next exhibit.

THE COURT: Response from the Defense?

MR. MOORE: No objection.

THE COURT: FA will be received as State's 131, State's Number 131.

(Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 131 was marked and received in evidence.)

MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish this to the jury through Miss Siewert.

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

## BY MR. MCMASTER:

Q Ma'am, go ahead and display that to the jury and explain to them what testing you performed on it and what the results were?

A Here's the fired bullet and I performed the same examination on this as I did to the previous fired

Page 1036 1 bullet comparing it microscopically to tests fired from 2 the pistol, Exhibit 124. Did you determine that in fact that projectile 3 had been fired from the weapon that's Exhibit 124? 4 Yes, it was identified as having been fired 5 6 from the pistol. 7 And what type of weapon are we talking about? It's a forty Smith and Wesson caliber Glock 8 model 27 GEN 4 semiautomatic pistol. 9 10 Q And in order to fire a bullet through the 11 weapon you have to pull the trigger each time? 12 Α Yes. Turn to Exhibit FC, can you identify that 13 exhibit? 14 This is one fired bullet as well. 15 16 Go ahead and open it and look at it. Can you 17 identify it? 18 Α Yes. And is exhibit FC in substantially the same 19 condition today as the date you examined it and sealed it 20 21 up? 22 It is. Α MR. MCMASTER: State would move Exhibit FC into 23

THE COURT: Okay. Response from the Defense?

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evidence.

1 No objection. MR. MOORE: THE COURT: FC will be received as State's 2 Number 132. 3 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 132 was 4 marked and received in evidence.) 5 MR. MCMASTER: Request permission for Miss 6 7 Siewert to publish? THE COURT: Yes, you may. 8 9 BY MR. MCMASTER: 10 Would you go ahead and show the ladies and Q 11 gentlemen of the jury? This particular bullet while I was cleaning and 12 examining had come apart, this is the core, the center of 13 the bullet and this is the jacketing. As it was 14 originally received, they were together in one piece. 15 And where was that projectile recovered from? 16 Under the skin of the right side of the upper 17 Α 18 back. Once again recovered by the medical examiner 19 20 during the autopsy of Deputy Pill? 21 Α Yes. Put that back, please. Turn to Exhibit FH. 22 ahead and examine that. First of all, can you identify 23 24 the packaging?

Yes. It is one fired bullet.

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                And is Exhibit FH in substantially the same
          Q.
     condition today as it was on the date that you examined it
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     and sealed it up?
                It is.
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                MR. MCMASTER: State would move FH as its next
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 6
          exhibit.
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                THE COURT:
                           Okay. Response from the Defense?
                MR. MOORE: No objection.
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                THE COURT: FH will be State's Exhibit 133.
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                (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 133 was
11
    marked and received in evidence.)
                MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish.
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                THE COURT: Yes, you may.
     BY MR. MCMASTER:
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                Please go ahead and show the ladies and
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     gentlemen of the jury.
17
                (Witness complies.)
                And what testing, if any, did you do on Exhibit
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     133?
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                I microscopically compared this fired bullet to
     tests fired from the firearm.
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                What were the results?
                The bullet was identified as having been fired
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     from the pistol.
                And where did this particular projectile come
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from? 1 This is marked as having been taken in the ER. 2 Α Emergency room? 3 0 Yes. Α 5 Go ahead and put those back inside. Turn to Exhibit EL. Can you identify Exhibit EL? 6 7 Α Yes. And how can you identify it? 8 Case number, exhibit number and my initials. 9 Α 10 Go ahead and open it up and take a look at it. Q 11 What is Exhibit EL? It is one fired bullet jacket. 12 Α 1.3 Is it in substantially the same condition today 0 as the day that you tested it and sealed it up? 14 15 Α It is. MR. MCMASTER: State would move Exhibit EL as 16 17 its next exhibit. THE COURT: Response from the Defense? 18 19 MR. MOORE: No objection. THE COURT: Okay. El will be received as 134, 20 21 State's Number 134. (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 134 was 22 marked and evidence in received.) 23

MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish.

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

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# BY MR. MCMASTER:

Q Go ahead and show that to the ladies and gentlemen of the jury and explain to them what testing you did on it and what the results were.

A This is a fired bullet jacket portion, the base is right here, it's folded over on itself, and I compared this microscopically to tests fired from the submitted firearm.

O And what were the results?

A I determined this was identified as having been fired from the submitted pistol?

Q So, each of the exhibits, 130 through 134, the various projectiles that you examined that in front of you currently were each identified as having been fired from the Glock weapon which is Exhibit 124?

A Yes.

Q Where did this particular projectile jacket portion come from?

A Interior of front driver's side door.

Q Okay. Go ahead and put that back in.

In addition to the examination conducted on the projectiles that we just went through, did you also examine additional portions of projectiles to try to determine whether or not they had been fired in the weapon, 124?

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Q Showing you what has been admitted as State's Exhibit 134 and for identification Exhibit FB and CU, would you look at those and tell me if you can identify them?

A Yes, I can.

I did.

Q Exhibit 134 that's already in evidence was the jacket of a projectile that had been removed from the driver's door that you were able to match to the weapon, is that correct?

A Yes.

Q Was there also additional fragments that were with that as part of that exhibit that you were unable to determine whether it was fired or not?

A Yes, there was.

Q Is it totally separate from the piece that you held up and displayed to the jury?

A It is.

Q If you would, explain --

MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish that to the jury, Judge.

THE COURT: You're talking about 134?

MR. MCMASTER: Yeah, there's a couple of different parts to 134.

THE COURT: Okay. Yes, you may.

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THE WITNESS: (Witness complies.)
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    BY MR. MCMASTER:
                That's a smaller piece that was recovered and
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          Q
     submitted as an overall object?
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                Yes, it was.
                And what were the results of the testing you
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    did on that smaller piece?
          Α
                This was inconclusive.
9
          Q
                What does that mean?
                There was not enough markings or information on
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          Α
     that particular portion to make a determination whether it
11
     was or was not fired from --
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                MR. MOORE: Is that part of 134?
13
                MR. MCMASTER:
                                It is.
14
                THE COURT: That's what I was clarifying.
15
16
          appears to be part of 134.
     BY MR. MCMASTER:
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                The larger portion that you were able to
     identify is also included in State's Exhibit 134, is that
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20
     correct?
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          Α
                Yes.
                That's inside the same box?
22
23
          A
                Yes.
                Just set that aside and let's look at FB.
24
          0
     you identify FB?
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What is Exhibit FB?

It is one fired bullet jacket base portion, one fired bullet jacket fragment and one piece of led.

If you could, you go ahead and open it up. And is Exhibit FB, both portions of it, in substantially the same condition today as it was on the day that you examined them and sealed them up?

Yes.

MR. MCMASTER: State would move Exhibit FB as its next numbered exhibit.

THE COURT: Response from the Defense?

MR. MOORE: No objection.

THE COURT: Okay. FB will be received as State's Exhibit 135.

(Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 135 was marked and received in evidence.)

MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish.

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

### BY MR. MCMASTER:

If you would, Miss Siewert, show that to the 0 ladies and gentlemen of the jury and tell them what testing you did on those and what the results were?

I received two pieces of jacket fragments, this larger one is of the base portion and the smaller one

right here and I examined both of these microscopically to tests fired from the pistol.

- Q And where were those fragments from?
- A These were identified as having come from the head.
  - Q During the autopsy of Deputy Pill's remains?
- 7 A Yes.

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- Q Put those aside, please. Did I ask you what the results were?
- 10 A No.
- 11 Q Go OHead and show the other part there.
- 12 A This is a piece of led which is most likely
  13 from the core of the bullet.
- 14 Q Likewise recovered in the autopsy?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q Of Deputy Pill?
  - And what were the results of your examination with respect to Exhibit 135?
    - A The two jacket fragments were inconclusive, again there was not information either way for me to make a determination if they were or were not fired from the pistol, and the piece of led did not have any marks for me to compare microscopically.
- Q Exhibit CU, I believe you indicated you can identify the packaging, is that correct?

1 A Yes.
2 Q Still sealed?
3 A Yes.

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- Q Go ahead and take a look inside. And can you identify it?
  - A Yes.
  - Q Is Exhibit CU in substantially the same condition today as it was on the date that you examined it and sealed it up?
- 10 A It is.
- MR. MCMASTER: State would move CU as its next numbered exhibit.
- THE COURT: Response from the Defense?
- MR. MOORE: No objection.
- THE COURT: Okay. CU will be received as
- 16 State's Number 136.
- 17 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 136 was
  18 marked and received in evidence.)
- MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish.
- THE COURT: Yes, you may.
- 21 BY MR. MCMASTER:
- Q If you would, Miss Siewert, go ahead and
  display that to the jury and explain to them what testing
  you did on it and what the results were on this exhibit?
- 25 A This is another piece of bullet jacket, fired

- bullet jacket and I compared this microscopically to tests
  fired from the pistol.
  - O And what were the results of the examination?
  - A This was also inconclusive.
  - Q And where was that projectile jacket fragment recovered from?
- 7 A It's labeled PM55.
  - Q Photo marker 55 at the crime scene on Elena Way?
- 10 | A I do not know.
- 11 O Just know it's PM55?
- 12 | A Yes.

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- 13 Q Okay. Put that aside, please.
- On Exhibit 135 there were several different pieces of that exhibit, is that correct?
- 16 A Yes.
  - Q And was there one piece of that that you were not able to do anything other than a visual exam on?
- 19 A Yes.
  - Q Can you explain what it was or why you couldn't do anything further with that particular piece?
  - A That was a piece of led which was most likely a bullet core and that is not something that will have any type of markings for a microscopic examination.
  - Q And where did that piece of led come from on

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Exhibit 135?
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                MR. MOORE: Asked and answered, Your Honor, a
2
          couple times.
3
                THE COURT: Okay. I do recall that she's
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          answered that previously. So, I'll sustain the
6
          objection.
     BY MR. MCMASTER:
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                I'm showing you what has been marked as State's
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     Exhibit EM, look at that and tell me if you can identify
     it.
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11
          Α
                Yes.
                And how can you identify EM?
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          Q
                FDLE case number, exhibit number and my
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          Α
     initials.
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                MR. MOORE: Is that?
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                THE COURT: E.
17
                MR. MOORE: November or Mike?
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                MR. MCMASTER: Mike.
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     BY MR. MCMASTER:
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          Q
                I'm sorry. Is that FP?
                F.
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          Α
                MR. MCMASTER: I'm looking at my notes. May I
22
          approach, Judge?
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                THE COURT: Yes, you may.
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1
    BY MR. MCMASTER:
                EM, can you identify that?
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          Q
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         Α
                Yes.
                And how can you identify it?
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                FDLE case number, exhibit number and my
5
         Α
     initials.
 6
7
                And would you open it up, please? And is
     Exhibit EM in substantially the same condition today as
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     the date that you examined it?
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          А
                It is.
                MR. MCMASTER: State would move EM as its next
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          numbered exhibit.
12
                THE COURT: Response from the Defense?
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                MR. MOORE: No objection.
14
                THE COURT: EM will be received as State's
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          Number 136.
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                MR. MOORE: It's 137.
                THE COURT: 137.
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                (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 137 was
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     marked and received in evidence.)
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                MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish.
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                THE COURT: Yes, you may.
23
     BY MR. MCMASTER:
                Miss Siewert, what did you do with Exhibit 137?
24
          Q
                This is a piece of led and again this was most
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          Α
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- likely from the bullet core so it had no, no value for microscopic comparison.
  - Q So, you weren't able to determine one way or the other whether it was fired from the weapon?
    - A No.

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- O And where was Exhibit 137 recovered from?
- A It's labeled as the interior from the driver's side door.
  - Q Put this back, please.
- 10 MR. MCMASTER: Approach the witness, Judge?
- 11 THE COURT: Yes, you may.
- 12 BY MR. MCMASTER:
- Q Miss Siewert, I've put in front of you what has been marked for identification as Exhibits EK, CV, CW, CX, CY, CZ, DA and DB, would you look at those and tell me if you can identify them?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q And how can you identify them?
- 19 A The FDLE case number, exhibit numbers and my 20 initials.
  - Q Did you in fact examine those items and once your examination was concluded seal them up in the condition that they're in today?
- 24 | A I did.
- 25 | MR. MCMASTER: State would move Exhibits EK

through DB into evidence at this time. 1 No objection. 2 MR. MOORE: THE COURT: Okay. EK will be received as 3 State's Exhibit 138. Starts with CV? 4 MR. MCMASTER: Yes, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Will be received as 139, CW will be 6 7 received as 140. CX will be received as 141, CY will be received as 142. CZ will be received as 143, DA 8 will be received as 144, DB will be received as 145. 9 10 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Numbers 139 through 145 were marked and received in evidence.) 11 BY MR. MCMASTER: 12 Showing you now what has been admitted into 13 0 evidence as Exhibits 138 through 145. Take Exhibit 138 14 first. If you would go ahead and open that up. 15 16 MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish to 17 the jury. 18 THE COURT: Yes, you may. BY MR. MCMASTER: 19 20 0 Go ahead and show the jury what it is and explain to them what testing, if any, you did on that 21 22 exhibit. This is one fired cartridge case and I compared 23 this microscopically to cartridge cases that I fired from 24 25 the submitted firearm.

And what determination, if any, were you able 1 Q to make about that particular casing? 2 This cartridge case was identified as having 3 Α been fired in the submitted firearm. 4 5 Which is Exhibit 124 before you? 6 Α Yes. If you would open Exhibit 139 -- where did that 7 particular exhibit, 138, come from? 8 9 Α Labeled as the front passengers side floorboard. 10 All right. And 139, go ahead and open that. 11 MR. MCMASTER: Request permission to publish. 12 13 THE COURT: Yes, you may. BY MR. MCMASTER: 14 15 If you would, go ahead and display that to the 16 jury and explain to them what testing you did, if any, on 17 that one? 18 This is another fired cartridge case and I compared this microscopically to cartridge cases I fired 19 20 from Exhibit 124. 21 And what were the results of your testing? The cartridge case was identified as having 22 been fired in the pistol. 23

25 Α Yes.

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Exhibit 124?

- 1 Q And where did that case come from?
  - A It's labeled as PM61.
    - Q Photo marker 61?

With respect to Exhibits 140 through 145, the remaining exhibits before, did you perform similar testing on each of those items?

A I did.

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- Q And what are those items?
- A They are all fired cartridge cases as well.
- Q And the remaining exhibits are labeled as coming from where?
  - A They all have different photo marker labels.
- Q In total you examined eight cases, is that correct, one from the vehicle and eight different photo markers?
  - A Yes.
- 17 Q And what were your conclusions as to each of the casings?
  - A All eight of the cartridge cases were identified as having been fired in the Exhibit 124 pistol.
- MR. MCMASTER: No further questions.
- THE COURT: Okay. Cross examination by the
  Defense.
- MR. MOORE: No questions.
- THE COURT: Okay. Ma'am, thank you for your

testimony, you're free to step down. 1 (Thereupon, the witness exited the witness 2 stand.) 3 THE COURT: Okay. Other witnesses by the 5 State. MR. BROWN: State would call Virginia Casey. 6 THE COURT: Ma'am, if you'll come forward, step 7 up before the clerk to be sworn. 8 9 THEREUPON, CSI VIRGINIA CASEY, 10 having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified 11 12 upon her oath as follows: 13 THE COURT: If you'll have a seat in the witness chair and once seated if you'll scoot that 14 chair forward. Do adjust that microphone and do talk 15 16 into that microphone. 17 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. DIRECT EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. BROWN: 19 Ma'am, could you please state your name and 20 0 spell your last name for the jury? 21 My name is Virginia Casey, C-A-S-E-Y. 22 And how are you employed? 23 I'm employed as a crime scene investigator with 24 the Brevard County Sheriff's Office. 25

- 1
- And how long have you been so employed? Q
- 2
- With the sheriff's office for twenty-three Α

years.

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of work?

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- Do you have any prior employment in that line
- Yes, sir, I do. I was previously employed with A
- the Sarasota Police Department for seven years as a crime
- scene investigator and a latent print examiner.
  - Can you tell the jury what type of training you
- 10 have, educational background and training in the area of
- 11 crime scene investigation as well as latent print
- examination?
- I -- in 1983 I began training with Yes, sir. Α
- 14 the Sarasota Police Department in analysis of persons
- 15 fingerprint records and applying the Henry System of
- 16 fingerprint classification to those records for
  - recordkeeping purposes. Two years after that I became a
  - crime scene investigator in 1985 and I began studying not
    - only crime scene investigations but latent print analysis
    - and that would be the comparison of unknown friction ridge
      - impressions to persons fingerprints.
        - Since 1985 I have over fifteen hundred hours of
- specialize training that I've received in both crime scene 23
  - investigations and latent print analysis and I'm currently
  - certified with International Association of Identification

- as a latent print examiner and a crime scene analyst.
- Q Have you previously testified in court first as a crime scene investigator?
  - A Yes, I have.

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- Q And approximately how many times have you so testified?
- A In twenty-eight years I've testified over a hundred times in crime scene investigative cases.
  - Q How about as a latent print examiner?
- A As a latent print examiner I would say no less than a hundred times, and I have testified in the circuit courts of Sarasota, Polk and Brevard County as well as Federal Court in Orlando.
- Q Can you tell the jury over your career how many latent prints have you examined?
- A I have analyzed over ten thousand latent impressions during my career.
- Q And Virginia, Casey, first, Miss Casey, are you familiar with what's known as a GSR or GSR test?
  - A Yes, sir, I am.
  - O And what is a GSR test?
- A GSR is an acronym for gunshot residue and it's a test that can be performed on -- commonly on hands to determine if gunshot residue particles are present on the hand.

Q And at this point does Florida Law Enforcement, their laboratory, still test GSR type testing or

examination?

A The Florida Department of Law Enforcement crime laboratories do not any longer accept submissions of gunshot residue tests for analysis.

Q And are you familiar with gunshot residue, what is that?

A Gunshot residue is a combination of antimony and barium which are components of what bullets are made from and the residue occurs as a result of when a weapon has been fired those residues emit from the barrel of the weapon after it has been fired.

Q When they emit, do they kind of like scatter all over?

A Yeah, it's a burst of a powdery type of substance.

Q And if it's fired, someone has gunshot residue on them, what does that tell you?

A It tells us that someone has been in contact or in the vicinity of a weapon that has been fired. However, it doesn't tell us whether a person actually fired that weapon or not.

Q So, if a person's fired from close range, would you expect the person who was hit by the bullet to have

have gunshot residue?

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A I would expect if a person was in the general vicinity of an area where a firearm has been fired that, yes, there could be gunshot residue on that person even if they were just in the vicinity.

- Q And would that likelihood increase if it's in an enclosed area such as a vehicle?
  - A I would say yes.
- Q Now, Miss Casey, in this particular case did you perform any fingerprint examination?
  - A Yes, I did.
- Q And can you tell the jury when you're doing a fingerprint examination, first, what is a fingerprint, how is it left?

A When we refer to fingerprints we are actually referring to friction ridge skin and that friction ridge skin is on the bottoms of the fingers, the palms of the hands and the soles of the feet. Friction ridge skin are raised lines of skin, they us actually with gripping purposes, and between those raised lines of skin are furrows and within those raised lines of skin are pores and the pores allow the excretions of our perspiration, oils and salts. So, we refer it generally as fingerprints but analysis can include a -- not only just a fingerprint, it can include from the joint areas of the fingers, from

the palms of the hands or even the soles of the feet, but the general reference that most people hear is fingerprints.

Therefore, what I -- when I refer to fingerprints, I'm also going to be referring to friction ridge skin lines and when we conduct an analysis we have a latent fingerprint or we have a known fingerprint. A known fingerprint is that impression that is actually recorded from a known person. So, when we apply ink to a person's finger and then we actually roll it on to a card that, to an analyst is considered the known or an exemplar of that person.

A latent impression is the unknown impression, it is the partial impression of friction ridge skin lines that are commonly developed using different chemicals and particles or powders. It normally is invisible to the naked eye, it is left by when we have our excretions of our perspirations, salts and oils and then we touch an object, we will leave an impression of our friction ridge skin, or can, I shouldn't say will always, but we can most often leave impressions of our friction ridge skin lines. When those impressions are left, we then use those powders or chemicals — because it's not visible to the naked eye, we use those powders and chemicals to make it visible to the naked eye. So, in conducting an analysis as a latent

print examiner, I will have the unknown impression or the latent print and I have the exemplar or the known impression.

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The general description that most people hear in fingerprints is that we have patterns within our fingerprints, whirls, loops and arches and those are common patterns that are found in the fingers, the first joint of the fingers. The patterns assist us with -- for recordkeeping purposes. However, the patterns are not what we are using to make an identification. We're actually looking at the individual lines of friction ridge skin that form into unique characteristics. For instance, you will have one line of friction ridge skin that is flowing along and it will, it will continue to flow throughout without stopping or forming into any unique characteristics. However, the friction ridge line directly next to it could be flowing along and it will stop flowing and we call that an ending ridge and that's a unique characteristic that we look for when we're conducting our analysis.

Another unique characteristic that we will look for is a line of friction ridge skin that flows along and then it will break off into two lines of friction ridge skin and we call that a bifurcation. Those characteristics we -- I look for in my analysis in the

unknown impression. I find those characteristics and
where they are located in relationship to each other in
the unknown impression and then I search in the known
impression to see if those same ridge characteristics in
the same general — in the same location to each other are
found within the known print or the exemplar. So, the
comparison is done between one and the other looking for
characteristics that are in agreement from the unknown
impression to the known impression.

Q Miss Casey, you indicated that when you touch an object that you may leave friction ridge detail, what are the factors that go into when you touch an object that would determine whether you leave friction ridge detail and whether you don't?

A Well, one would be the weather that we're having today, it's very cold outside and so we're not perspiring as much as we might and so we're not excreting the perspiration out of the pores. In very cold weather we have very dry skin and so therefore we're not — it's common to not leave an impression. Surface type is another big deficit that we deal with because on rough surfaces it — often times it's very difficult for us to get a good clear unknown impression. So, mostly weather conditions and surface is the majority of the times in which we might not be able to recover known latent

impressions.

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Q How would the moving of a person's hands or fingers affect friction ridge detail?

A It causes distortion. The distortion is the — our skin is elastic, it is stretchable and so when we have moving and we're touching an object and especially if some force is applied and it doesn't — it can actually be just a very small amount of force, but that pressure or that movement could cause some distortion within the friction ridge lines. Often times the distortion is not so severe that as an analyst under magnification that we cannot still clearly find those unique characteristics that I was referring to, but there are other times that it is so severe that it will completely obliterate those friction ridge lines and therefore it makes it of no value to us.

MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

#### BY MR. BROWN:

- Q I'm going to show you what's been marked as Exhibit GF for identification, do you recognize that exhibit?
  - A Yes, I do.
  - Q How do you recognize it?
- A This envelope has my handwriting on it and I

- 1 | sealed it and put my initials on it.
  - Q And what is that envelope?
  - A This envelope contains the fingerprint exemplars that I recorded from Mr. Brandon Bradley.
    - Q Did you take those directly yourself?
    - A Yes, sir, I did.
  - Q And do you see the person in the courtroom that you took those latent prints from?
    - A Yes, sir, I do.
  - Q And can you please point him out and describe an article of clothing that he's wearing?
  - A He's the gentleman at the table to my right and his suit is gray and I believe his shirt is lavender.
  - MR. BROWN: Your Honor, let the record reflect the witness has identified the defendant.
- 16 BY MR. BROWN:

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- Q Can you tell the jury when you take or when you took those prints, what do you do?
- A I used the inking method for recording these prints and I have a table that I apply ink to a slab, a flat slab, and I then roll the finger of the person who I'm recording from on the ink and then I roll that same finger on to a card.
- Q Is that a similar method that people have probably seen on TV over the years?

I would say yes. 1 Α MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time the State 2 would move what's marked as exhibit --3 4 THE COURT: GF. MR. BROWN: -- GF into evidence. 5 MR. MOORE: No objection. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. GF will be received as State's Exhibit 146. 8 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 146 was 9 marked and received in evidence.) 10 MR. BROWN: Ask the witness be allowed to 11 12 display it to the jury. THE COURT: Yes, you may. 13 BY MR. BROWN: 14 Could you please just display that to the jury? 15 16 (Witness complies.) Now, Miss Casey, in this case, have you 17 reviewed a disc of photographs that came from the lead 18 crime scene technician on this case? 19 20 Α Yes, sir, I have. And can you tell the jury when those pictures 21 0 are captured on the disc and they come to you, what do you 22 do with that disc? 23 In the case of images of latent impressions I 24

bring them up in the Photo Shop software program.

commonly will -- they're often times a colored version and
because it is better for my eyes when viewing it to look
at it in a black and white version, I will convert the
impression over into a black and white version.

MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

# BY MR. BROWN:

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- Q I'm going to show you what's been marked and admitted as Exhibits 126 and 127, do you recognize those exhibits?
- 12 A Yes, I do.
  - Q And what are those exhibits?
- 14 A These are the color images of two of the latent 15 impressions that were on the disc that I reviewed.
  - Q Are they labeled on the back as DP2 and DP5?
- 17 A Yes, sir, they are.
- 18 Q And DP2 is number 126, DP5 is 127?
- 19 A Yes, sir.
  - Q And when you spoke of colored images, that's kind of the greenish color?
- 22 A Yes, it is.
- Q And did you take those images and what did you do with those?
- 25 A I -- when I reviewed those images in Photo

- Shop, I just converted them over into a black and white version.
  - Q And when you do that, is anything changed as far as the detail within the image?

A No, it doesn't change the detail within the image, it just changes it so that you're looking at it as black and white instead of color.

- Q Show you now what's been marked as Exhibits GI and GH, do you recognize those exhibits?
- 10 A Yes, I do.

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- 11 Q What are those exhibits?
- 12 A These are black and white versions of the color versions of the image that I converted.
- 14 Q And are they identical to Exhibits 126 and 127?
- A Yes, they are.
- 16 Q And are those also marked as being DP2 and DP5?
- 17 A Yes, they are.
- MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time the State
  would move to admit Exhibits GH -- GI and GH.
  - MR. LANNING: No objection.
- 21 THE COURT: Okay. GI will be received as
  22 State's Exhibit 147 and GH will be received as
  23 State's Exhibit 148.
  - (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Numbers 147 and 148 were marked and received in evidence.)

BY MR. BROWN:

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- Miss Casey, do these exhibits indicate where these prints were located at?
  - Yes, sir, they do.
  - And what do they indicate?
- They indicated that these prints were developed from item FE11 and it's a tray.
- And did you do a comparison between the exhibits, the unknown latents, and Exhibit 146, the prints you rolled from Mr. Bradley?
- 11 Yes, sir, I did.
- MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I approach the 12
- 13 witness?
- 14 THE COURT: Yes, you may.
- 15 BY MR. BROWN:
  - I'm going to show you what has been marked as Exhibit GG, do you recognize that exhibit?
- 18 Α Yes, I do.
- 19 And what is that?
- This is a chart I completed, it is the unknown 20 Α latent impression that is labeled DP5 originally in the original document. When I extracted a portion of that in that original image I labeled it DP5-A. So, the portion 23 that I extracted was labeled DP5-A. And the other side of the chart is the known exemplar impression of a number two 25

1 right index finger that I recorded from Mr. Brandon 2 Bradley. And do the images on there, are they exact 3 duplicates of the items that have already been admitted into evidence? 5 They are exact duplicates of portions of the Α 7 items that have been admitted into evidence, yes, sir. 8 And why is it portions? 9 Because in order to put it into the chart format, I could only -- I only extracted a small portion 10 of the area that I was using to document the analytical 11 12 process and the characteristics that were in agreement. MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time the State 13 would move Exhibit GG as the next numbered State's 14 exhibit. 15 16 THE COURT: Response from the Defense? 17 MR. MOORE: No objection. THE COURT: Okay. GG will be received as 18 19 State's Exhibit 149. (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 149 was 20 21 marked and received in evidence.) 22 MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may we approach. 23 THE COURT: Yes, you may. (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out 2.4

of the hearing of the jury as follows:)

MR. BROWN: Judge, what's I'd like to and I've 1 give Defense a copy, this is a smaller version. 2 I'd like to do (unintelligible) and then I'm going to 3 have Miss Casey come down with the larger version and 4 go through the -- how she would be able to 5 (unintelligible). 6 THE COURT: Response from the Defense. That's fine. 8 MR. LANNING: 9 (Thereupon, the benchside conference was concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:) 10 THE COURT: Okay. You need the easel? 11 MR. BROWN: Yes. Your Honor, may I approach. 12 13 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 14 BY MR. BROWN: First I want to show you Exhibit what has been 15 marked as 125, is that exhibit listed as FE11? 16 Yes, sir, it is. 17 Α And is it also indicated as the ammunition box 18 Q and the tray that was inside of the box? 19 20 Α That's what it indicates on there, yes. Also indicates it came from the suspects 21 0 2.2 vehicle. Yes, it did. 2.3 Α MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time I would 24

ask the court deputy to pass out a smaller version of

this exhibit to each juror.

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I have Miss Casey

step down?

THE COURT: She may step down.

(Thereupon, the witness exited the witness

7 stand.)

## BY MR. BROWN:

Q Miss Casey, looking at first on the exhibit on the right hand side you indicate known print right index, can you using Exhibit Number 146 indicate to the jury what is the right index and what portion did you put on to this exhibit?

A This finger in this block is the right index finger and the portion that I am showing on is the portion right here right, it's going to be this section here of the right index finger.

Q I also want to show you what is marked as Exhibit 148 which is indicated as DP5, could you please display that to the jury and tell the jury -- show the jury what portion is depicted on this exhibit.

A This is the area of the friction ridge impression that is in this image and the portion I'm indicating in the chart is right here is going to be right here at the of the impression.

Q I'm going to hand you a pen that you can use as a pointer, in your examination comparison, can you please demonstrate to the jury and point out to them what you looked at, what you found and what your comparison was?

A As I said earlier, when I conduct an analysis I'm looking at the friction ridge characteristics there are in the unknown and I'm looking to find where -- so, I begin with the unknown and I'm looking for those unique characteristics in the unknown impression and then finding where they're in the agreement, if they are in agreement, with the known impression.

And I want to point out, we discussed distortion earlier, you can see where the impression here on the latent image is -- it's not as clear and crisp in some areas. For instance, in the bottom of the impression it's more clear and crisp whereas in this area of the impression it's not as clear, that is distortion, that's as a result of some kind of pressure or movement that causes that little bit of blurriness within the impression. However, in this case the characteristics are still clear enough for the analysis to be completed.

So, beginning with the characteristic that is -- would be on the bottom right of the latent impression, you can see where the arrow comes from this characteristic. This ridge is flowing along and it's

coming up and it's stopping and that is what I was referring to earlier as an ending ridge.

Over here on the known impression you see the ridge coming up and it's stopping and this is just a cutout enlargement of that so you can see better.

In the next characteristic, if you count from that first one, if you count up one, two ridges you'll see a ridge coming from the right side of the impression and it then stops.

Moving over from the first characteristic you do the same, you have one up one, two and it is also coming out from the right and stopping.

Moving to the third characteristic in the unknown and coming from the first, if you move down to the left side of it and downwards, you'll see where another ridge line is moving along and ending, and the same thing come from that, go over to the left and down one and you see the same characteristic.

This has been done throughout this process and all of the ridge characteristics that were found within the unknown latent impression were found to be in agreement to the known impression of the number two right index of Mr. Bradley.

Q And after doing that comparison, what, if Onything, are you able to conclude?

I concluded that Mr. Bradley's number two right 1 2 index finger is the source of the unknown latent 3 impression labeled DP5-A. MR. BROWN: Please return to your seat. 4 5 (Thereupon, the witness resumed the witness 6 stand.) 7 BY MR. BROWN: Did you also examine what are Exhibits 126 and 8 9 149 which are labeled the two versions of DP2? 10 Yes, I did. Α And did you do the same type of comparison and 11 12 analysis that you did with DP5? 13 Α Yes, sir, I did. And what were you able to conclude from you 14 Q 15 analysis? 16 I was able to conclude that Mr. Bradley's 17 number nine -- we number the fingers, the right thumb is 1.8 the number one, index is number two all the way through 19 five, left thumb is number six, through the little finger 20 is number ten. So, his number nine left ring finger was found to be the source of the latent impression in DP2. 21 THE COURT: Are we done with the easel? 22 23 MR. BROWN: Yes, Your Honor. May I have one 24 moment?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

(Thereupon, a pause was taken in the 1 2 proceedings.) MR. BROWN: I have no further questions at this 3 time. 4 THE COURT: Okay. We need to take -- I need to 5 give them a break. So, we're going to go ahead and 6 do that at this time. It's twenty minutes after 7 10:00, we're going to take a fifteen minute break. 8 So, I'm going to ask you to be back at 1:00 -- I mean 9 at 10:35. During the break you must continue to 10 abide by the rules governing your service as a juror. 11 So, court will be in recess for fifteen minutes. 12 (Thereupon, the jury was escorted out of the 13 courtroom by the court deputy and the proceedings were had 14 15 as follows:) THE COURT: Please be seated. And Miss Casey, 16 court will be in recess for fifteen minutes, be back 17 here at 1:35. I mean 10:35. Thank you. I don't 18 19 know why I keep saying 1:00. I'm optimistic. 20 (Thereupon, a short recess was taken in the 21 proceedings.) Your Honor? 22 MR. BROWN: 23 THE COURT: Yes. (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out 24 of the hearing of the audience as follows:) 25

MR. BROWN: Judge, after Miss Casey we have two additional witnesses that we're putting on, they're going to be very short, basically keeping the defendant when they detained him and then transportation to the sheriff's station. After that my two witnesses that I will put on next, one will be Dr. Qaiser who obviously I need out to move the TV out and get that set up and we're going to display the photos from the disc on to the TV that are admitted and we have to address those objections. And then I also have the agent who I'm putting in the interview. That's about an hour and forty minutes.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BROWN: I have him hear but there's not going to be a good way to do it. I would prefer not to split the interview during lunch. So, I guess my request would be after Miss Casey we do the other two witnesses, unless you want to go for a very, very late lunch break, we take an early lunch and I'll get those two witnesses on and that's going to take us the rest of the day.

MR. MOORE: After lunch?

THE COURT: What did you say? You prefer

lunch?

MR. MOORE: I think no. Yes, that's what I

said.

THE COURT: An early lunch?

MR. MOORE: No, I was just -- I agree that the video after lunch would probably be...

THE COURT: Okay. I'm okay with that. Do you want to do the -- this witness, the other two and then we'll release the jury and then do you want to go through the pictures before lunch?

MR. BROWN: Yeah, we can do the pictures then before we break.

MR. MCMASTER: That's fine.

THE COURT: Okay. Then I'll just tell them we have some matters we have to address outside their presence so we don't look like we're taking a two hour lunch or something.

MR. BROWN: Thank you.

(Thereupon, the benchside conference was concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:)

THE COURT: Okay. We can bring out Mr. Bradley.

(Thereupon, the defendant was escorted into the court room by the court deputy.)

THE COURT: And then we're ready to bring the jury into the courtroom.

(Thereupon, the jury was escorted into the

Page 1076 courtroom by the court deputy and the proceedings were had 1 2 as follows:) THE COURT: Okav. Please be seated. Cross 3 examination by the Defense. 4 5 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. LANNING: 6 7 Good morning, Miss Casey. Q Α Good morning. 8 Now, you've worked for about BCSO for how long? 9 Q 10 Twenty-three years. Α Twenty-three. And all as a crime scene 11 Q 12 investigator? During my years there, yes, I have been a crime 13 scene investigator and a latent print examiner and I 14 worked in supervision for a period of time also. 15 16 Okay. And as to this particular case you got 17 involved early on, you were involved in the vehicle being -- the Bronco being impounded from the ditch and 18 getting it into the impound area? 19 20 А Yes, I was. 21 And were you involved in the search of the 0 vehicle at all? 22

A No, sir, I was not.

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Q Now, you indicated -- I believe you rolled the known prints that you made your exam from, right?

- 1 A Yes, sir, I did.
  - Q And you did your examination when?

A I did the chart -- the examination had been done, I can't remember the exact date, but the chart was made using those exemplars two weeks ago.

Q Okay. You did the knowns a couple of weeks ago, correct?

- A Yes.
- Q Or maybe three weeks?
- 10 A Yes.

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- Q Now, you indicate that FDLE's no longer taking gunshot residue tests. They do still have their biology lab, right?
  - A To my knowledge, yes, sir.
- 15 Q Where they examine items for blood or serology, 16 urine samples, right?
- 17 A Yes, sir.
  - Q And -- now, the prints that were submitted you photo shopped to convert, to do this conversion, right?
- 20 A Yes, sir.
- 21 Q And between your eyes and magnification, you 22 made conclusions that the prints were a match?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q Right?
- 25 A Yes.

Q

right?

Okay. Now, the tray -- a print can't be timed,

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A No, it cannot.

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Q So, as to when the print was put there, you can't tell, only that it's there?

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A Well, there's variables that come into play on determining time and the factors of how long a print. Can you definitively say how long a print was on an object, no, but if the object was in an enclosed area and was not being handled for a period of time, then, you know, you can kind of gage a time period. Keeping in mind also that we are excreting fluids that will over time degrade and how long that time is, again the variables of where the

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item is stored, how long the item has been stored in that place, how often it gets cleaned come into play. So, it's

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very difficult to put a timeframe on how long an

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impression might or might not remain on an object.

Q Now, you've, you've been with the Brevard

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County Sheriff's Department for twenty-three years, right?

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A Yes.

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Q And all of the -- the case agent, Don Reynolds, he's with the sheriff's department too, right?

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A Yes, sir.

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Q The other lead investigators, the people that conducted the interviews, they're all with the Brevard

1 | County Sheriff's Department right.

A Can you give me names? We had multiple agencies involved in this case so I don't know who all did interviews.

- Q Well, Wayne Simock?
- A Yes, he is with our agency, yes.
- Q Agent Spadafora?
- A Yes.

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- Q Bill Martin?
- 10 A Yes.
- 11 Q And -- now, Florida Department of law

  12 Enforcement, they have a fingerprint section also, right?
- 13 A Yes, they do.
- 14 Q And they also have their own agents?
- 15 A Yes, they do.
  - Q For instance, in an officer involved shooting Florida Department of Law Enforcement comes over an investigates, right?

A Commonly their -- their investigators, their law enforcement investigators -- in a officer involved shooting in the cases that I have worked in the past, FDLE's law enforcement officers will work in conjunction with our law enforcement officers in investigating the case and our crime scene unit will do the crime scene processing.

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So, Florida Department of Law Enforcement,
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    they're law enforcement officers with the State of
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    Florida?
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                Those persons that you're referring to, yes,
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    the laboratory personnel are not.
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                Right. And there's a certain independence of
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          Q
    Florida Department of Law Enforcement agents from Brevard
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    County Sheriff's Department, right?
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                They work for the State of Florida and they
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    don't work for the Brevard County Sheriff's Office.
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                All the investigators here work for the Brevard
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     County sheriff?
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                Those people you referred to, yes, they do.
          Α
                MR. LANNING:
                              Thank you.
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                THE COURT: Okay. Redirect by the State.
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                MR. BROWN: No, Your Honor.
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                THE COURT: Okay. Ma'am, thank you for your
17
          testimony, you're free to step down.
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                THE WITNESS:
                              Thank you.
                (Thereupon, the witness exited the witness
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     stand.)
21
                THE COURT: Okay. Other witnesses by the
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23
          State.
                MR. BROWN: State would call Officer Blake
24
25
          Lanza.
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THE COURT: What was the last name? 1 2 MR. BROWN: Lanza, L-A-N-Z-A. THE COURT: Lanza. Okay. 3 Sir, if you'll come forward, step up before the 4 5 clerk to be sworn. 6 THEREUPON, 7 SERGEANT BLAKE LANZA, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified 8 9 upon his oath as follows: THE COURT: Sir, please be seated in the 10 11 witness chair. Once seated if you will scoot that 12 chair forward. Do adjust that microphone and do talk into the microphone. Okay Mr. Brown. 13 MR. BROWN: Thank you. 14 15 DIRECT EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. BROWN: Sergeant, would you please state your name and 17 0 18 spell your last name for the jury? Blake Lawrence Lanza, last name is spelled 19 L-A-N-Z-A. 20 And Sergeant Lanza, how are you employed? 21 Q I'm a supervisor sergeant with Melbourne Police 22 23 Department. How long have you been employed with Melbourne 24 0 Police Department? 25

- 1
- A Sixteen years.
- 2
- Q And were you on duty March 6th, 2012?
- 3
- A Yes, I was.
- 4

- Q And were you involved in the ultimate apprehension of a person who became known to you by the name of Brandon Bradley?
- 6
- A Yes.
- 8

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- Q And can you tell the jury how did you become involved in that apprehension?
- 10
- O A We received the radio dispatch call that there

was need for assistance for the sheriff's department at

- 11
- which time they gave a general location what was going on,
- 13
  - I responded to the area and I sat up a perimeter point
- 14

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Q And did you ultimately then go to another

northbound on Turtle Mound Road, I went ahead and

went to the incident location.

which would have been off of Harlock Road.

- 16
- 17 A I did.

location?

- 18
- Q And what was your second location you went to?
- 19
- A As the incident was going ahead and moving

paralleled the pursuit and when it made a right hand turn

and -- from Harlock Road went to Parkway, made a right and

to go actually eastbound on Parkway Drive, I went ahead

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- Q And when you arrived at the location, what were

you able to see?

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A There was a vehicle in the ditch on the south side of the roadway.

- Q And were you involved in the team that approached, ultimately approached that vehicle?
  - A Yes.
  - Q And from what direction did you approach?

A I went to the north side of the property on the south side of the road and I went ahead and went to the embankment where the subject ultimately came out of the car.

- 12 Q And did you personally do anything to the 13 vehicle?
- 14 A I threw a gardening stone through the back 15 window.
  - Q Would that be the back window that's on basically the back hatch?
    - A That's correct.
    - Q And what was the purpose of doing that?

A It appeared that the subjects inside were pinned inside and we were trying to free them out of the vehicle.

- Q And ultimately did a subject come out?
- A That's correct, a black male.
- Q What was the first subject to come out?

- 1 Α A black male.
- And did you take that person into custody? 2 Q.
- 3 Α I did.
- And how did you end up -- at this point when he 4 comes out, are you in the ditch area? 5
  - I am in the embankment area and I'm helping him Α up the embankment.
  - And once he came up, did you ultimately identify him as Brandon Bradley?
- 10 No, I did not. Α
- Was he ultimately identified as Brandon 11 Q
- Bradley? 13 Α Yes.
- 14 Do you see that person here in the courtroom Q
- 15 today?

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- 16 Yes, I do.
- 17 Would you please point him out and describe an Q 18 article of clothing that he's wearing?
- 19 Α The gentleman with the light colored shirt, 20 black short hair and the gray jacket.
- MR. BROWN: Your Honor, let the record reflect 21 the witness has identified the defendant. 22
- 23 BY MR. BROWN:
- Once you were able to get the defendant out of 24 0 25 the embankment area, what then happened?

I placed him in handcuffs, I went ahead and did 1 an exterior pat-down of his clothes to see if there was 2 3 any keep type of weapons or anything else and I got him immediately out of the area. 4 Did you take him to another patrol car? 5 That's correct. Α 6 And did you walk with him to that patrol car? 7 0 8 Α I did. 9 And how was the defendant able to walk? 0 10 Α At that time I didn't see anything wrong with 11 him. Was he able to walk on his own? 12 Q 13 Α Yes, sir. 14 0 Did he need any assistance? 15 No, sir. Α Did you engage him in any conversation at all? 16 0 17 Outside of asking him how he was and if he Α needed any type of medical treatment, I don't believe so. 18 19 0 And what did he indicate to either of those 20 questions? 21 He -- best I can recollect, he declined any 22 medical treatment. During the time that you had the defendant in 23 Q custody, were any threats or promises made to him? 24

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Α

No.

Was he mistreated in any manner? 1 Q 2 Α No. 3 MR. BROWN: No further questions. THE COURT: Okay. Questions by the Defense. 4 CROSS EXAMINATION 5 BY MR. PIROLO: 6 Officer Lanza, when you were accompanying him 8 up the embankment Mr. Bradley appeared confused, correct, 9 his demeanor, confused? It's hard to say if he was confused, surprised, 10 startled, due to the situation it's understandable. 11 He did have demeanor or confused and looking 12 13 concerned, correct? 14 Α Correct. 15 MR. PIROLO: Nothing further. THE COURT: Okay. Redirect. 16 17 MR. BROWN: Yes. REDIRECT EXAMINATION 18 19 BY MR. BROWN: 20 Sergeant, how many armed law enforcement officers were there? 21 At that time twenty to thirty. 22 And how many guns were probably pointed? 23 Q 24 Α I'm sure everyone. Would that be a reason why someone might be 25 0

1 concerned? 2 MR. PIROLO: Objection, speculation. THE COURT: Sustained as to the form of the 3 4 question. 5 MR. BROWN: No further questions. THE COURT: Recross. 6 MR. PIROLO: No, Your Honor. 7 8 THE COURT: Okay. Sir, thank you for your testimony, you're free to step down. 9 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you, ma'am. 11 (Thereupon, the witness exited the witness 12 stand.) 13 THE COURT: Other witnesses on behalf of the 14 State. MR. BROWN: Deputy Michael Thomas. 15 THE WITNESS: Sir, if you you'll step up before 16 17 the clerk to be sworn. 18 THEREUPON, 19 DEPUTY MICHAEL THOMAS, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified 20 21 upon his oath as follows: 22 THE COURT: Sir, please be seated in the witness chair and once seated if you'll scoot that 23 24 chair forward. Do adjust that microphone, do talk 25 into that microphone.

THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Brown. MR. BROWN: Thank you. 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION 4 5 BY MR. BROWN: Deputy, could you please state your name and 6 Q 7 spell your last name? Deputy Michael Thomas, T-H-O-M-A-S. 8 And how are employed, deputy? I'm a sheriff's deputy with the Brevard County Α 10 Sheriff's Office. 11 12 And how long have you been so employed? I've been sworn for ten years with the 13 sheriff's office. 14 I want to bring your attention back to March 15 6th, 2012, on that date were you on duty? 16 17 Α Yes, sir. Did you ultimately come into contact with a 18 person which became identified as Brandon Bradley? 19 20 Α Yes, sir. Do you see that person here in the courtroom 21 22 today? Yes, sir, I do. 23 Α Could you point him out and describe an article 24 of clothing that he's wearing? 25

1 The gentleman is wearing a gray jacket with a 2 light colored shirt. MR. BROWN: Your Honor, let the record reflect 3 the witness has identified the defendant. 4 BY MR. BROWN: 5 What was the -- where did you make contact with 6 0 7 the defendant? I made contact with him at Turtle Mound and 8 9 Parkway. And what was the purpose of your making contact 10 11 with him? 12 He had been detained by Melbourne Police Department and he was transferred to my vehicle for 13 transport for to our investigative unit. 14 Where did you transport him to? 15 From the site of his vehicle crash I 16 А transported him to the CID building located on Gus Hipp 17 18 for the sheriff's office. 19 And do you recall approximately what time you 20 did that transportation? 21 Α No, sir. Would it be reflected in your report? 22 0 23 Α Yes, sir. MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I approach the 24

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witness?

1 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 2 BY MR. BROWN: Officer, review your report to refresh your 3 recollection. 4 5 Α Okay. And after reviewing your report, do you recall 6 0 7 approximately what time you did the transport? Approximately 11:24 hours. 8 And how long -- or approximately how long of a 9 drive is it from that location on Parkway to the sheriff's 10 department on Gus Hipp? 11 You're looking at thirty to forty minutes. 12 And during that time, during the entire time 13 0 you had contact with this defendant, were any threats or 14 15 promises made to him? 16 Α No, sir. Was he mistreated in any manner? 17 0 No, sir. 18 Α And when you got him to Gus Hipp, did you 19 0 deliver him into an interview room or anything of that 20 nature? 21 He was taken to an interview room, yes, sir. 22 Α 23 MR. BROWN: Your Honor, I have no further questions. 24

THE COURT: Okay. Cross examination by the

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Defense. 1 2 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. MOORE: 3 Officer Thomas, the first time you saw 4 5 Mr. Bradley was when he was in the back of a Melbourne police patrol car? 6 7 Α Correct. 8 That would have been Sergeant Lanza's patrol 9 car? I can only assume so, yes, sir. 10 Α Okay. And your job was to transport him? 11 Q 12 Α Yes, sir. 13 Right? Not to make an assessment of whether he 0 was under the influence or not? 14 That is correct. 15 Ά Not to question him? 16 Q That's correct. 17 A And you assisted him from that patrol car to 18 19 your patrol car? 20 Yes, sir. 21 And you asked him his name twice but his responses both times were inaudible? 22 23 Α Correct. 24 You asked him his Social Security number and he

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gave an inaudible response?

1 A Yes.

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Q You asked for hi date of birth, likewise he gave an inaudible response?

A Yes.

Q And while you were transporting him his head dipped down -- how long is the drive from where you put him in your patrol car to where you delivered him?

A The drive is approximately thirty to forty minutes.

- Q During that drive his head dipped down to his chest -- chin dipped down to his chest and you asked him if he was okay?
- 13 A Yes, sir.
- 14 Q And he appeared to be sleeping or drowsy or 15 nodding or off something?
- 16 A Correct.
- 17 | Q Now, you had -- you had never seen him before?
- 18 A That is correct.
  - Q So, you don't know what he's like when he's not under the influence of controlled substances of alcohol compared to when he is?
- 22 A Yes, sir.
- 23 Q Correct?
- 24 A That' correct.
- 25 Q And you did not observe specifically his eyes?

1 Α No, sir. No recollection of doing that. 2 Q 3 MR. MOORE: No further questions. THE COURT: Okay. Redirect. 4 MR. BROWN: Yes, Your Honor. 5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 6 7 BY MR. BROWN: Deputy Thomas, when you asked the defendant if 8 he was okay, what, if anything, did he say? 9 10 He acknowledged me, he said he was okay. Α And when you arrived at the sheriff's station, 11 did you walk with the defendant inside? 12 13 Α Yes, sir. 14 Did you have any difficulties walking? 0 1.5 None whatsoever. Α MR. BROWN: Thank you. No further questions. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Recross. 17 RECROSS EXAMINATION 18 19 BY MR. MOORE: 20 Deputy Thomas, are you a DRE, a drug 21 recognition expert? 22 No, sir, I'm not. Have you studied the effects of controlled 23 24 substances or street drugs on human beings? 25 No, sir. Α

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Can you categorize the effects of controlled substances as to which affect the motor control and which affect the mind without affecting motor control?

Α No, sir.

> No further questions. MR. MOORE:

THE COURT: Okay. Sir, thank you for your testimony, you're free to step down.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

(Thereupon, the witness exited the witness stand.)

Okay. Mr. Brown, as we previously THE COURT: discussed, is this the last witness for the morning?

MR. BROWN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, we're going -- we have some matters that we need to address outside your presence. So, we're going to go ahead and let you break for lunch and take a longer lunch. going to have a two hour lunch and we're going to ask you to be back here at 1:00 o'clock. During this recess you must continue to abide by your service --I mean the rules governing your service as a juror. Specifically, do not discuss this case among yourselves or with anyone else. Avoid reading newspaper headlines or articles relating to this

trial. Avoid seeing or hearing television or radio or Internet comments about this case, and do not conduct any independent research. Okay. At this time I'm going to release you for lunch and ask you to report to the jury assembly room at 1:00 p.m. Thank you.

(Thereupon, the jury was escorted out of the courtroom by the court deputy and the proceedings were had as follows:)

THE COURT: Okay. Please be seated. Now, we were going to address the Defense's objection with regard to photos and if you'll -- are we ready to go forward with that at this time? You tell me which proposed exhibits we're speaking of.

MR. PIROLO: Judge, we only object to one, it's 3517, that's the number of the photograph.

THE COURT: 3517.

MR. PIROLO: I'll get the --

THE COURT: It looks like it's FU.

Now, what is the -- how are we going to display these?

MR. BROWN: Judge, it's my intention, and I'll need a moment outside the presence of the jury, I'm going to set the TV up in the similar location that I had it for the in-car video.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. BROWN: And the numbered photographs that -- the numbers on that we've marked correspond to the numbers on the disc and I'll pull the disc up and there will not be any thumbprint versions, it's just to be a list of photographs and then my intention is to pull up as we go through the actual photograph that has been admitted. So, I'll have the doctor at the stand go through these photographs and identify them, move for them to be admitted and then I'll be displaying them through the disc onto the TV screen.

THE COURT: Okay. If you had those in order, they're not in order now.

MR. PIROLO: There were in order. Judge, our objection, there are two photographs, one is FN as in Nancy and the photograph number's 3516, and there's another photograph, FU, the photograph number's 3517. Our objection as to FU, 3517, as you can see in the photograph it depicts the same room FU and FN. FN is actually a photograph from further away and it sort of depicts all the injuries within that area. FU is just a close up of a particular wound, we would object that it's duplicative in nature, it's cumulative. Again, it's just another photograph

that's going to be displayed in front of the jurors, it's going to be appeal to their emotional sensitivities. I think the State can do with FN and not need FU as well as it depicts the same exact wound.

THE COURT: Response from the State.

MR. BROWN: Judge, if I can -- I need to look at the letters so I know which we're referring to.

THE COURT: FU is the closer photograph, FN is the further away photograph.

MR. BROWN: Yes. Judge, the key here is -- and FN contains a number of different wounds that I'll be showing close ups of, or at least asking to, and they're separate wounds from separate shots, some of them. What's important is this is a close up and the close up's needed to show the detail to confirm that it's an entrance wound and what actually happens, this particular wound, the entrance is here, there's an exit here and it reenters here and that's the key.

And there's a difference between this wound, this wound and this wound and the doctor's going to be able to testify to why these two entrance wounds do not look alike and why this wound does not look like any other type of entrance wound because by that point the bullet is now wobbling and it's no longer

in a perfect spiral which is why this is a much, for lack of a better term, a much cleaner entrance than an exit or secondary entrance wound. So, the detail is important.

You know, we're not showing -- I'm not displaying interior -- in any of these photographs interior shots, you know, as far as slicing the body open, doing those types of shots, I don't think it -- it certainly is relevant, that's the first test for the Court to look at and then weighing the prejudicial effect, but it's certainly relevant, it shows the wound, it's an important wound and ultimately we'll be showing the path through the use of needles of what the wound took -- or what bullet took through the body.

MR. PIROLO: Judge, FU as I stated earlier is redundant, you can get the same testimony from Dr. Qaiser with him being able to compare the entry wound on FN and he can also then show how it's different from the secondary wound there on FN as opposed to using both FU and FN.

THE COURT: Okay. I do think FU shows more that it is an entry wound, you can see the depth of the wound as opposed to you can't really see the depth of wound in FN. So, I'm going to overrule the

objection.

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MR. MOORE: Would the Court consider any testimony from the doctor to see if that's his (unintelligible) and he can do the same its relevance, of course, if the doctor can do all of that with --

THE COURT: I mean, I think he can do it all with FN but you can definitely see that it's a deep wound with FU that you can't see from FN.

MR. MOORE: I'm saying the doctor can say (unintelligible) the pictures without editing or adding with the frame he'd be testify and that he (unintelligible) under 90.403. So, I'm asking the Court to have the State lay that predicate and the Court reserve ruling on it.

THE COURT: With all due respect, it's more of a visual thing. I mean, I'm sure he can testify from FN without FU but FU does show the -- you can see the -- that it's more of an entry wound that you can see from FN. So, I'm going to overrule the objection. Okay.

All right is there anything else that we need to address outside the presence of the jury?

MR. BROWN: No.

THE COURT: Okay. The Court having heard none,

then we'll get everything -- if you'll come a little
early, the State, or actually you can set it up now
if you like, you set up anything you need for the
testimony. I assume we're going to have Dr. Qaiser
after lunch at 1:00 o'clock.

MR. BROWN: Yeah, we'll go with him first and
then Agent Simock will be after him and my intention

MR. BROWN: Yeah, we'll go with him first and then Agent Simock will be after him and my intention is to move -- for Agent Simock I'll move the TV back to the position that we had viewing the chase of the vehicles that was captured.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BROWN: So, I'll ask the Court for a little break so I can move the TV.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Then we'll be in recess as well until 1:00 p.m. Okay. Thank you.

(Thereupon, a lunch recess was taken in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Please be seated. Okay. We can bring out Mr. Bradley.

(Thereupon, the defendant was escorted into the courtroom by the court deputy.)

THE COURT: Okay. Any preliminary matters that we need to address before we bring the jury into the courtroom?

MR. BROWN: Not from the State.

Page 1101 1 MR. MOORE: No. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Then we can bring the jury 3 in. (Thereupon, the jury was escorted into the 4 5 courtroom by the court deputy and the proceedings were had as follows:) 6 THE COURT: Please be seated. Good afternoon, 7 ladies and gentlemen of the jury. Has anyone read or 8 been exposed to newspaper headlines and/or articles 9 relating to this trial or its participants? 10 THE JURY PANEL: 11 No. 12 THE COURT: Has anyone seen or heard 13 television, radio or Internet comments about this trial? 14 THE JURY PANEL: 15 No. THE COURT: Have you read any news headlines or 16 articles relating to this trial or its participants? 17 18 THE JURY PANEL: No. THE COURT: Has anyone conducted or been 19 20 exposed to any research regarding any matters 21 concerning this case? 22 THE JURY PANEL: No. 23 THE COURT: And have you discussed this case

among yourselves or with anyone else or allowed

anyone to discuss it in your presence?

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1 THE JURY PANEL: No.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much. Next witness on behalf of the State.

MR. BROWN: State would call Dr. Qaiser.

THE COURT: Okay. Sir, if you'll come forward, step up before the clerk to be sworn.

THEREUPON,

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# SAJID QAISER, M.D.,

having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified upon his oath as follows:

THE COURT: Okay. Sir, please be seated in the witness chair. Once seated if you'll scoot that chair forward, it does roll around, some of the other chairs in other places do not, other courtrooms, and if you will talk into the microphone, it helps us hear your testimony, it also aids in recording your testimony. Okay. Mr. Brown.

MR. BROWN: Thank you, Your Honor.

### DIRECT EXAMINATION

### BY MR. BROWN:

Q Sir, could you please state your name and spell your first and last name for the jury?

A Okay. My name is Sajid Qaiser. The spelling of my first name is S-A-J-I-D and the spelling of my last name is Qaiser, Q-A-I-S-E-R.

Q And Dr. Qaiser, how are you employed?

- A I'm the chief medical examiner for Brevard County Medical Examiner Office located in Rockledge, Florida.
  - Q And what are your duties there?
  - A My main job is to investigate and find out the cause and manner of death in any unnatural and violent deaths.
  - Q And can you tell the jury your educational background and work history and training?
  - A Okay. First of all, I'm a doctor with an MD degree and I have full license to practice medicine in the States of Pennsylvania and Florida. After doing my medical schooling and one year of rotating internship going into different fields of medicine, cardiology, thoracic surgery, dermatology, then I did my residency in the field of pathology which is needed to become a medical examiner. So, I spent seven years in the field of pathology doing residency and fellowship, two years at the Royal University Hospital, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan through the University of Saskatchewan in Canada.

After that, next two years I did my residency at the State University Hospital, Brooklyn, New York.

Then next year, the third year, I did my residency in surgical pathology from the same hospital, State

University Hospital, Brooklyn, New York. Same year I was the chief resident there.

After that I moved to Philadelphia to Medical College for Pennsylvania and Hahnemann University that is collectively called as Allegheny University and through the medical examiner officer Philadelphia I did my fellowship two years in the field of forensic pathology and after that I took my examination, the Board exams that the American Board of Pathology in Anatomic Pathology, American Board of Pathology in Clinical Pathology, and American Board of Pathology in Forensic Pathology. Then I also passed the Royal College of physician and surgeons of examination of Canada in their field of pathology.

After that I started working as an associate few years in the Port Charlotte, Florida, after two years I came to Brevard County in 2007. Then since then I have been working as an associate medical examiner. In 2006 I became the chief medical examiner.

Q Can you tell the jury what is the field of pathology and in particular forensic pathology?

A Okay. Pathology is a division of the medicine which it deals with the tissue examination and examination of the body that is performing autopsy, of course, looking first investigation of the case and then doing the autopsy to come to the clue as to find the cause and manner of

death, and also there is division of the pathologist who
look at the viscera or the body tissue in order to come to
the diagnosis what the disease or what the lesion is
within the body which the surgeon give to the
pathologists.

Forensic pathology is the subdivision of pathology which it specifically does the investigation into the cause and manner of death, any case of the nonnatural death or a violent death.

Q Doctor, could you tell the jury approximately, if you're able to, how many autopsies have you conducted in your career?

A I have done several thousand since my residency and then working since then, I have done several thousand, I don't know exact number or figure but several thousand.

Q And have you previously testified in courts as an expert in the field of forensic pathology?

A Yes, I did.

Q Can you tell the jury approximately how many times and what courts have you testified in?

A Same thing I will tell that the during my time of residency and fellowship I had started going to the court to be utilized as the expert in the field of forensic pathology and since then it has continued.

During my fellowship in Philadelphia very many times

because the number of cases are higher than -- lot more higher than here, and then in the Brevard County many times.

Q Doctor, on March 7th, 2012, did you conduct an autopsy on the body of Barbara Pill?

A Yes, I did.

Q And when you conduct an autopsy, can you give the jury a general overview of what you do?

A Okay. First of all, I was briefed about the case that this thing happened through my own investigators and after that the preliminary information about the type of the case, circumstances, and then I went to the morgue area where we inspect and do examination of the body, the examination, and then have the information from the law enforcement officers. And after that I myself in front of the law enforcement officers, our own officers, open the bag of the body and start the investigation or taking the examination steps.

Q And at are there particular steps that you go through when you conduct an autopsy in a particular order?

A Right. First thing is that as I said, first thing is in front of everybody, especially the law enforcement officers. We cut the seal, photograph them and then after opening the body bag we take the photographs as what it is, if the lines or any kind of

therapeutic intervention have been performed at the hospital.

After that we see the -- any kind of unnatural thing like wounds or lesion on the body which is supposed to be not and then the details of that write it down. Then we take the complete photograph of that too and then we take the complete x-ray of the body. Then after that -- before taking the x-ray we take the important organs from the body like the fingernail clipping, hair samples in order to do if there will be need for the future examination for the DNA or any other identification things.

After that we do the complete x-ray. After complete x-ray we wash the body to see the extent of the wound, how they look like if we remove the stain of the blood from the body, and then detail about the wounds, the exact size of the wound or approximate size of the wound, their location, their association with other wounds.

And then after that we open the body and go systematically from different system like head and neck area, chest area, abdominal area and if we have to go into the periphery like the limbs, we go into there. That's called the internal examination or complete autopsy. And then we do the -- we examine the extent of the wound which we have observed externally to the depth of how far the

wound is and if this fatal or lethal that's what we document. And also during that time we take some samples from the body which usually the liquid parts, blood, vitreous, urine and bile and then we come to the conclusion. Then keeping everything we make the diagnosis of the cause and manner of death.

MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I approach the witness?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

## BY MR. BROWN:

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Q Doctor Qaiser, I'm going to show you what has been marked first already admitted as Exhibit 44 and then I'm going to show you what is marked for identification Exhibits FR, FN, FU, FO, FL, FP, FQ, FK, FJ, FS, FM, FT?

MR. MOORE: M as in Mike?

MR. BROWN: Yes.

#### BY MR. BROWN:

Q FT, FV, FW and FX. I'll ask you to examine these pictures at this time without showing them to the jury.

- A Yeah, I have examined them.
- Q Do you recognize those photographs?
- 23 | A Yes, I do.
- Q Are those photographs that were taken by you during the autopsy of Barbara Pill?

- A That's correct.
- Q And do those fairly and accurately depict the condition of the body of Barbara Pill when you conducted the autopsy on March 7th, 2012?
  - A Yes, that's true.
- Q And would those pictures fairly demonstrate to the jury and aid you in your explanation to the jury of the injuries that Barbara Pill suffered?
  - A Yes, that's true.
  - MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time the State would move those exhibits marked as the next numbered State exhibits.
    - THE COURT: Response from the Defense.
    - MR. MOORE: Renew our previous objection.
  - THE COURT: Okay. The previous objection has been addressed and the Court will enter the exhibits.

If I could see those because you -- I'm going to put them in order. Okay. Madame Clerk, I'm going to give you those in just a moment. FJ will be received as State's 150, FK will be received as State's 151, FL will be received as State's 152, FM will be received as State's 153, FN will be received as State's 154, FO will be received as 155, FP will be received as 156, FQ will be received as 157, FR will be received as 158, FS is will be received as

159, FT will be received as 160, FU will be received 1 2 as 161, FV will be received as 162, FW will be 3 received as 163, and FX will be received as 164. And 4 the top one is already received as State's Exhibit 5 44. 6 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Numbers 150 through 7 164 were marked and received in evidence.) 8 MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I have the witness 9 step down? 10 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 11 (Thereupon, the witness exited the witness 12 stand.) 13 MR. MOORE: Can I locate myself where I can 14 see? 15 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 16 BY MR. BROWN: 17 Dr. Qaiser, could you please step over here. First show you what has been marked and previously 18 19 admitted as 44. Can you tell the jury what is this 20 picture? This is what we call an ID photo for 21 identification which covers the photograph of the entire 22 23 face and shoulder area. We have given this case number. Whenever a body comes to our (unintelligible) specific 24

individual number. This is the year 2012 and the

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individual number, autopsy number is 186 medical examiner. And this shows the raccoon eyes or lesions (unintelligible) and some of the gunpowder stippling on the upper half of the face and the forehead and also the escalating gunshot wound to the top of the head.

Q Doctor, I'm going to provide you my pen. When you talk about the raccoon eyes and the area on they eyes, what are you talking about and that is that?

A That is a (unintelligible), that negates the entire cranium within the head and lesion, that means fracture of the bones, the section of the bones, she shape of (unintelligible) this area and this area and that means raccoon eyes. You can see the hemorrhage here, hemorrhage here, hemorrhage here and hemorrhage here and that's the eyes and the lesion within the inside of the cranium cavity or head cavity and that's my -- on my exploration it showed a fracture of the cap of the skull, base of the skull to which the (unintelligible).

Q Now, you also mentioned stippling, can you point out for the jury where is the stippling located?

A Okay. These fine points if you'll see very homogenous, same kind of rounded, these all over here, these are the gunpowder stippling.

Q What is stippling?

A Stippling is when unburned powder, the powder

would be the primer of propellant, that's most from the propellant, that's large in the amount, when it comes out of the barrel of the gun that cause the real abrasion, abrasion (unintelligible) and they inflict the skin and this advise about the range of the gunshot wound.

Q What does the stippling that's on the body of Miss Pill tell you about the range for this wound?

A It is a close range gunshot wound that is within two feet from the target to the (unintelligible) average gun and the target within two feet from the target to the muzzle end of gun.

Q And doctor, what is this area up here at the top of the photo? I know you have another picture of that.

A This -- see, this is intact over here and here it is missing. Is a large escalated gunshot wound on top of the head which on further exploration shows the loss of the scalp, the underlying skull bone or cap of the skull is fractured into multiple fragments and brain matter was exuding out or coming out of that. And (unintelligible) and inside fragments of the bullet which consists of the jackets and also the core of the (unintelligible) and further exploration showed the fracture and multiple fragments of the base of the skull, and there was hemorrhage and also manifestation of the fracture within

1 the skull cap.

Q Doctor, I next want to show you Exhibit Number 158. What area's depicted in this exhibit, Doctor?

A This is the top of the head and this is the large wound on the top of the head with the stippling to the forehead area and upper half of the base (unintelligible). And after this is shaved by me shaving and that's what I did. And this shows the wound on the top of the head.

O Was this an entrance or an exit wound?

A This is an entrance gunshot wound and here is the base of the wound and this would be (unintelligible) and these are the features which makes you understand the direction of the wound. And this is the laceration with the deficit of the skull and then fracture of the underlying. You can see the fragments of the bones here and the brain matter was this, this is exuding out.

Several of the bone fragments were brought to the medical examiner office from the scene too?

Q And doctor, can you tell the jury, did you examine the path of the bullet for this wound?

A Right.

Q Can you tell the jury what was the path?

A The path was back to front, frontward and backward.

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to the jury the direction of the terms, is that

necessarily the path that the bullet came out of the

firearm or what are you meaning when you say these terms?

And when you use these terms, can you explain

A Yes, I have put in my autopsy description when the body is examined in the anatomical position we examine the body keeping the head in the front. So 0, hat's called the anatomical examination of the body. So, when we examine the body, when the face or head is in front of me then the top part weak see that as the 12:00 o'clock position and the 6:00 o'clock position. So, if you see

here, this is the abrasion, deep abrasion, and this is the

skin tags and these are the laceration. With these things

we can determine the direction of the wound.

Q What was the depth of the wound and what was the damage that was done?

A It was very wide and as I said, the measurements I have mentioned in my autopsy report, it was very deep and this the whole area of the cap of the skull was fractured into multiple fragments so. And after that the brain was lacerated and the -- lacerated into multiple pieces or even refined. When we remove the brain matter the base of the skull of the examined and that was also fractured into multiple parts. Here are the orbital plates under which our eyeballs are and those were

fractured and that's what we're seeing (unintelligible) I
used to do the gross appearance on external.

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Q Doctor, how would you classify this wound, is it lethal?

A That's a fatal gunshot wound. I call it a fatal gunshot wound.

Q Doctor, next want to show you Exhibit 163.

Could you tell the jury what is depicted in Exhibit 163?

A When I explored the head cavity, went into the inside of the head cavity, the lacerated and fracture wounds and the lacerated brain matter (unintelligible) from the inside I (unintelligible) these bullet particles. These are the particles of the jacket and this is the core. That's from the inside cavity of the eyes and head.

Q Doctor, next want to show you Exhibit 154. Can you tell the jury what is depicted in this exhibit?

A Okay. Several of the gunshot wounds you can appreciate from this photograph. It is an entrance gunshot wound on the left upper arm and then these are the other gunshot wounds which consist of, you can see in the next photograph, those are the exit gunshot wound of two of the gunshot wounds. There's a (unintelligible) gunshot wound of this entrance, this gunshot wound which has an entrance component, exit is on the other side. And this

is the reentrance gunshot wound to the arms or the gunshot wound to the left side of the chest which could be considered as the reentrance gunshot wound. Then there is a deep abrasion to the left side of the under breast area which is related later with one of the gunshot wounds.

Q Doctor, I next want to show you what is Exhibit 161.

A Okay. This is the clear lacerated photograph of the entrance gunshot wound, the typical feature of the entrance gunshot wound, (unintelligible) marginal abrasion round shape of the entrance gunshot wound and that was the perforating gunshot wound to the left under arm.

Q And what is in particular when you examine it that you can tell an entrance versus either an exit or a reentry wound?

A Okay. The entrance wound has a larger caliber, the lumen of the wound would be larger, very irregular, humongenous, and also it has a component of the -- either it is confined to a local area or it is (unintelligible), that's why we show it. And also if you see in the marginal area there is a reddening of the skin, this happens when the bullet passes there and this because the (unintelligible). That's called the entrance gunshot wound.

The exit gunshot wounds the margins will be

ragged, irregular, the shape is not really round or oval and that has most of the time the gunshot from the exit gunshot will be shorter, and if the person survived this heals — takes the healing time longer than the exit gunshot wound which would heal faster.

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Q Doctor, I next want to show you what is marked as Exhibit 155. What area is depicted?

This is left side of the body, this is the left upper arm, this is called the (unintelligible) face of the left upper arm. This is the forearm up to the elbow, from elbow up to the shoulder is the upper arm. This is what we are seeing here. This is the ventral medial surface of the left upper arm, it shows several of the lesion. is the large escalating gunshot wound to the upper arm and There is a focal area of fine qunshot, the to the axilla. stippling or gunpowder stippling in here. And this is the exit gunshot wound of the entrance gunshot wound that we just examined before and this has the features of an exit gunshot wound and it also shows some of the abrasions or contusion when the bullet passes from the entrance area to this exit area.

Q When you say has features of an exit wound, what are those features and why are the features different from any entry?

A Right. Since we have -- it's not always it

will happen (unintelligible) because depending on the site of the body the exit and entrance will have different features, typically definitely what I have described before. And this is the irregular margins are larger, you can appreciate more better. And this is the -- along with that there is abrasion on the side. So, when -- once the bullet was moving out because of the wobbling effect of the bullet listing and then touching with some kind of clothing or something, these abrasions came up over here. 9

And here there are two wounds, one is the gunshot wound, the other one is the therapeutic incision in order to put the chest tube which was done at the hospital, this area. And this I see the suturing mark over here both sides, that's how once the tube is inserted in the chest cavity. This is the (unintelligible) definition. This is the gunshot wound and this is the incision to the chest because of the insertion of chest tube.

- Now, doctor, when you did your internal examination of this wound, were you able to trace the path of the first entrance to this exit wound?
  - Α Right.

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- And then were you able to trace the path from Q this reentrance wound through the body?
  - Yes, the gunshot wound as I have enumerated Α

there without doing (unintelligible), gunshot wound came first or last. The qunshot wound to the left upper arm entrance here, exit here. This is the ventral laterals of the left upper arm, the bullet goes through that and when passing through that it fractures the left humerus or the bone of the left upper arm. Comes out. This is the ventral medial surface of left upper arm. So, the direction of the bullet is left to right, downward and backward. This is more forward and the exit is more backward. So, left to right, downward and backward. 

Q Once it reentered this area of the body, what was the path of the bullet?

A This wound we will as of my training and my practice we treat them, these wounds as a separate wound but we mention that these -- this wound, the wound on the left upper arm could be aligned with this to make a single gunshot wound. So, once the bullet enters here, exit here and then reenters into the left lateral chest and moves backward. So, this is again left to right, downward and backward and goes up to the (unintelligible) subcutaneously outside of the rib cage and lodges in the back under the skin from where we retrieved nearly deformed jacketed bullet.

Q Can you tell the jury what damage or injury to the body was caused by this wound?

A This was just a subcutaneous so it did not go inside of the chest cavity, it ran along underneath of the skin along the rib cage and then it was being retrieved from there.

Q What is this wound here?

A Okay. Then we have the one gunshot, this is the exit component of the gunshot wound with the back which you will see later and as a result of this when this wound was happening, because of the proximity and then the hand was in contact with this area of the breast, the bullet because of wobbling effect caused the damage to this area.

Q Next want to show you, doctor, Exhibit 156.

Doctor, can you tell the jury what's depicted here?

A Okay. Here we are showing the path of the wound, the bullet entered the left upper arm, exits the left upper arm by doing that because of the fracture of the left humerus and chest cavity.

Q Also want to show you now Exhibit 152. What's depicted here?

A Okay. You can clearly see the large escalating gunshot wound to the upper portion and also (unintelligible) from the left upper arm and here there is area of the (unintelligible) gunpowder (unintelligible). This represent a bullet and escape bullet (unintelligible)

that left the gunpowder stippling.

- Q Is this the needle that was demonstrated in the previous exhibit showing you a depiction of the entrance now in relation to the reentrance wound?
  - A That's true.
- Q Also want to show you now Exhibit 157. What is this?
- A This is again after cleaning the wound how the bullet from the left upper arm enters, as it reenters the left side of the chest, and this is the (unintelligible). And here is the exit component of the gunshot wound to the back.
- Q Next I want to show you Exhibit 151. Tell the jury what's depicted in this exhibit.
- A Okay. This is localized area of fine gunpowder stippling which is merely concentrated here (unintelligible). So, this depicts (unintelligible) gunshot where the bullet passed but did not inflict any surface of the powder.
- Q Doctor, why is it that you're seeing stippling here in the facial area but not on other areas of the body?
- A Because of the movement of the body, maybe the movement of the weapon, there's many things possible.
  - Q And does the clothing of the body affect

stippling?

A Yes.

Q And tell the jury how the clothing would affect whether there's stippling?

A It could be if it is a short sleeve (unintelligible) the gun powder so we can see that. And if this part is exposed or is open (unintelligible).

Q Doctor, I next want to show you what is marked as Exhibit 150.

A This is the back of the deceased and this is (unintelligible). Over here you can see some of the -just the natural lesion as I have described, but this is
the gunshot wound on the left side of the back. This is
the gunshot, this is the entrance component of the gunshot
wound to the back where the bullet travels from the back
and exits over here. It travels from here, goes through
the auxillary area and exits out here which I showed the
large escalating gunshot wound on the ventral medial
surface of the left upper arm and large escalating gunshot
wound's over here but then the deep abrasion
(unintelligible) of the left breast which happened because
the hand was in proximity with the torso.

Q So, the path of this entrance wound right here.

A Right to left. This is from right to left and upward and forward.

- Q Okay. So, it's back to front?
  - A Right, back to front. From back to front and this is -- so, yes, upper and forward and this is from front to left.
  - Q So, the previous pictures I showed you of the area the left arm and the left chest, those wounds that you testified to that were observed that were not part of the arm?
    - A That's true.

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- Q Were they caused by this --
- A That's true.
- Q And can you tell the jury what, if any, damage this will do?
- A Okay. This caused the perforation to the skin surface and since it did not, the bullet did not fracture any hard structure like bone as I have described in my report, it passes through the soft tissue, the bullet has loss of energy and that's where right because it's (unintelligible) out and where the hand was in proximity with the torso it has the bullet has are more power to wobble, while it was wobbling it caused the large escalating gunshot wound that you saw on the medial surface of the left upper arm and then also caused the abrasion to be.
  - O Doctor, the next exhibit I want to show you is

Exhibit 159. What area is depicted in this exhibit?

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Okay. This is the area from where the we retrieved the bullet.

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Well, first let me put this on.

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This is the left side of the back Okay. Okay. and these are the (unintelligible) the wound you can see and this is the (unintelligible) right here. Two lesions are here, first this is a gunshot wound to the left

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lateral back which is the entrance component.

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Is this a close up view of the last wound we 0 just showed to the jury?

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Ά That's true.

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What again, what is it about this wound that 0 you can tell that it's an entrance wound?

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This same thing, it has the abrasion component which is present locally but this is instead of round it has an almost rectangular or square shape. explanation of that could you because of merely the type clothing or merely the metal component of the bra and if that was present on deceased body. So, this is the entrance gunshot wound and it has the abrasion component.

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And what is depicted in the area on top?

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Okay. This is area from where I removed the Α bullet, this is incision made by me in order to retrieve

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the bullet. That's the bullet when it went from here,

exited here, reentered here and the bullet was lodged in

Q Okay. Doctor, next want to show you what is marked as Exhibit 164. Actually, let me show you what is Exhibit 160.

this area and from where I retrieved the bullet.

A This is like I said before, this is the gunshot wound to the back entrance component and this is the incision which I made and here is the bullet. This is the bullet I retrieved from the back. This is in the surrounding abrasion which the bullet was trying to skip out but caught in here, that's when the body of this were inflicted with the wound and (unintelligible) and that's an abrasion. This area which (unintelligible) when we examined the body and here I found the bullet, I made the incision, took the photograph and retrieved the bullet and hand it over to the law enforcement, CSI.

Q And just so the jury's clear on the perspective, the previous entrance wound that you showed that was in the middle portion of the back, is that this entrance wound right here?

A That's what it is, yes.

Q And again this bullet you indicated came from the wound that began in the arm and then reentered into the chest?

A Yes, and then lodged in here and that's where

we made the incision to retrieve it.

Q I next want to show you what is marked as Exhibit 164. Tell the jury what is depicted in this photograph.

A Okay. This is the bullet we retrieved from the right side of the upper back. This is a (unintelligible) to left which is identical of the gunshot wound to the neck, the base of the neck. The bullet went from here then under the skin and was retrieved from the right side of the neck. You see (unintelligible).

Q Next want to show you Exhibit 162. What is depicted in this exhibit?

A This is from the posterial lateral chest wall under the skin, that's over here on the left side, that's what I retrieved the bullet and made the incision. The bullet entered from here to here and then from the left side of the chest and then the left lateral chest wall I retrieved the bullet.

Q And the final exhibit will be Exhibit 153. What is depicted here?

A Okay. This is a gunshot wound entrance component that was in the base of the left side of the neck. The bullet travels under the skin and the bullet was retrieved from here. The path is left to right, downward and backward. This is bullet (unintelligible)

neck area where bullet passes from neck and leaving. So, this is (unintelligible) we just saw the jacketed, you see deforms from this area. So, this is the penetrating gunshot wound to the back of the neck from where the bullet enters here and actually from here.

Q So, looking at this photograph you have a bullet that was retrieved here?

- A Right.
- O You have the mushroom that was here?
- 10 A Right.

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- Q And then you have the fragments that were retrieved from the skull?
  - A That's true.
  - Q Doctor, can you tell the jury from this wound what damage was done to the body?
  - A Okay. This went under the skin so it didn't go in the chest cavity, it didn't go into the rib cage. So, it would stay outside so it just made a hemorrhage (unintelligible) and hemorrhage within the soft tissue under the skin.
- Q So, of all those wounds, doctor, there was one lethal wound?
  - A One lethal wound, one fatal wound and the rest of them are of material terms.
    - Q And which wound was the fatal wound you

1 | testified to was?

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- A The head.
- Q What was the lethal wound?
- A The lethal wound was to the left upper arm where the wound was fractured.
  - Q Thank you, Doctor, you can retake your seat.
  - A Five gunshot wounds, three penetrating, two perforating and out of those as I said the one to the head was fatal and the one to the left upper arm was lethal.
    - Q Take your seat, doctor.
- 11 (Thereupon, the witness resumed the witness 12 stand.)
- 13 BY MR. BROWN:
- 14 Q Doctor, based on your examination of the body
  15 of Deputy Pill, were you able to come to a reasonable
  16 degree of medical certainty as to a cause and manner of
  17 death?
- 18 A Yes.
  - Q Would you please tell the jury, what your opinion as to cause and manner of death?
- 21 A The cause of death is the multiple gunshot 22 wounds and the manner of death is homicide.
  - MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I have one moment?
- THE COURT: Yes, you may.
- 25 (Thereupon, a pause was taken in the

1 proceedings.) MR. BROWN: Your Honor, I have no further 2 3 questions of the doctor at this time. THE COURT: Okay. Cross examination by the 4 5 Defense. MR. MOORE: Thank you, Your Honor. 6 CROSS EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. MOORE: 9 Doctor Qaiser, you listed five gunshot wounds, Q 10 of those one was produced by one gunshot, would that be correct? 11 Produced by one? 12 Α 13 0 One shot that went through the arm and then 14 into the chest? 15 Α Right. 16 Five gunshot wounds from one bullet, from one 17 qunshot? No, five separate gunshot wounds in which two 18 19 could be aligning to one. 20 It could be what? So, more likely it could be four gunshot wounds 21 Α 22 to the body. 23 All right. But from four shots producing five 24 qunshot wounds? 25 Α Yes.

Q And you described a number of wounds from -just grossly from the back, one of them is to the head and
you described that as being back to front?

A Yes.

Q And so back -- let's just say for our discussion purposes here, back would be the 6:00 o'clock position, front would be the 12:00 o'clock.

A 12:00 o'clock position. When a body is --

Q Let me ask the question first. All right. So, are you saying that that shot would have been from -- what we're talking about is the relative position of a muzzle to the head. Okay. So, if you say it's from back to front, are you saying the muzzle was at the 6:00 o'clock position when the shot was fired that produced the head wound?

A I don't know where the muzzle was but this could signify that the body could have moved and because of that.

My examination of the dead person, whenever the body comes and then we examine the body on the gurney in the medical examiner office when the face is facing me and accordingly that's why I have put in parenthesis in the anatomical position. We examine the body in the anatomical position.

Q All right. So -- but, you know, for purposes

of discussion again, using the face of the clock, you can pretty safely say that the back shot -- back to front gunshot wound didn't come forty the 12:00 o'clock position, it would have come from behind which would have been closer to 6:00 o'clock position?

A No, not necessarily, the bullet -- the body could have moved.

Q We're talking about the muzzle relative to the head, not relative to the body.

A Okay. Yes, it could be, the bullet, you know, touched the surface of the head at the 12:00 o'clock position.

Q Hold your hand where -- the range of motion from which -- where the muzzle would have been --

A Okay.

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Q Where the muzzle would have been located to do a back to front gunshot wound to the head, where would the muzzle have been located?

A I'm not talking about the muzzle, I'm talking of the bullets. Bullets movement is from the 12:00 o'clock position towards the 6:00 o'clock position.

- Q 6:00 to 12:00, we're talking about --
- A 6:00 is here, 12:00 is here.
- Q You're reversing them.
  - A When I examined the body face in front of me.

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- Okay.
- Some of the wounds appear to be from the

- Okay. So, the muzzle -- the bullet --
- presuming that the bullet goes from a straight line to the
- muzzle, from the muzzle to where it hits the head, okay,
- is that a presumption that you would accept? Straight
  - line from the muzzle to where it strikes the head?
    - That's true. Α
  - All right. And so the if the back -- the front 0
- wound to the head, then the muzzle will be located back
  - here somewhere, not -- irrespective of where the body is?
    - No, not necessarily. Α
  - So, where could that shot have been fired
- 12 from to produce a back to front wound to the head as
- 13 you've put it?
  - That's what I'm saying, if the body has moved.
  - I am examining just the body, I don't know if the body has
    - moved, this is possible.
      - Okay. So, you can't give an opinion about the 0
    - relative positions of the shooter and Deputy Pill?
      - Α I don't know.
      - Based upon that wound or any wound?
      - Well, that's the explanation. If this is what Α
    - I'm saying about the path of the wound from back to front
    - downward and slightly rightward, then that's what it
- 2.4 means.

front, would that be correct? 1 2 From the front of the --Anterior of the body. 3 I am examining -- again, I'm telling you I'm 4 examining the body, I don't know no where it came from. 5 Let's do it this way. Would it be fair to say 6 Q the best you can say is that the wounds and the -- as far 7 as the trajectories are concerned that what you observed 8 was possibly a body in motion, spinning, turning during 9 the shooting episode, would that be --10 11 That's true, yes. Α 12 That's about as good as you can do? Α Yeah. 13 MR. MOORE: I don't have anymore questions. 14 May I have a minute? 15 (Thereupon, a pause was taken in the 16 17 proceedings.) MR. MOORE: It appears I do have another 18 19 question. 20 BY MR. MOORE: Doctor, the -- let's just focus on the head 21 wound now. Are you saying to a degree of medical 22 certainty that that wound was back to front? 23 That's what the examination --24 Α

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Yes?

1 Α Yes. 2 Q The answer's yes? 3 Α Yes. Okay. Did you observe the videotape in this 4 case of the shooting? 5 6 Α Yes, I did. And at any time did you see the body turn away 7 from the muzzle of the gun? 8 The -- from the muzzle of the --9 10 0 Yes. -- gun the body turning? I just saw that there 11 12 is the movement of the body and the body is falling but, 13 yeah. Okay. No further questions. 14 MR. MOORE: Okay. Redirect on behalf of the 15 THE COURT: 16 State. Nothing further, Your Honor. 17 MR. BROWN: THE COURT: Okay. Sir, thank you for your 18 testimony, you're free to step down. 19 (Thereupon, the witness exited the witness 20 21 stand.) THE COURT: May I have a bench conference? 22 23 (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out

of the hearing of the jury as follows:)

THE COURT: From what I understand, you need to

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1 reposition the?

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MR. BROWN: I need to remove that one disc and then get in a position with the next disc to hit and reposition the TV.

THE COURT: So, would this be an appropriate time to take a break?

MR. BROWN: Yes.

THE COURT: Okay.

(Thereupon, the benchside conference was concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:)

THE COURT: Okay. This would be an appropriate time to take a break. So, we are going take a break for fifteen minutes. It's 2:15, court will be in recess until 2:30. During this recess you must continue to abide by the rules governing your service as a juror. All right. Court will be in recess for fifteen minutes.

(Thereupon, the jury was escorted out of the courtroom by the court deputy and the proceedings were had as follows:)

THE COURT: Please be seated. Okay. We'll also be in recess for fifteen minutes. Court will resume at 2:30.

Mr. Brown, you know, I haven't seen this tape. So, if you could put it back a little bit so I can

see.

MR. BROWN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Not that it needs to be turned towards me. I mean, if you do it straight I can position myself to see it but just don't put it too far up here, put it a little bit up here so I can see it as well. Okay. Thank you.

(Thereupon, a short recess was taken in the proceedings)

MR. BROWN: Judge, as far as the position, you want it further back?

THE COURT: Can you do it just a little bit back? We can bring in Mr. Bradley. Perfect.

(Thereupon, the defendant was escorted into the courtroom by the court deputy.)

THE COURT: Okay. Any preliminary matters we need to address before we bring the jury into the courtroom?

MR. MOORE: No.

MR. BROWN: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. We'll bring the jury into the courtroom.

(Thereupon, the jury was escorted into the courtroom by the court deputy and the proceedings were had as follows:)

1 THE COURT: Please be seated. Okay. Other 2 witnesses on behalf of the State. 3 MR. BROWN: State would call Agent Wayne Simock. 4 5 THE COURT: Sir, if you'll step up before the 6 clerk to be sworn. 7 THEREUPON, 8 AGENT WAYNE SIMOCK, 9 having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified 10 upon his oath as follows: 11 THE COURT: Okay. Sir, please be seated in the 12 witness chair. Once seated if you'll scoot that 13 chair forward. Do adjust that microphone to fit you, 14 do talk into that microphone. 15 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. 16 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Brown. 17 MR. BROWN: Thank you, Your Honor. 18 DIRECT EXAMINATION 19 BY MR. BROWN: 20 Sir, could you please state your name and spell 21 your last name for the jury? 22 My name is Wayne Simock and my last name is 23 spelled S-I-M-O-C-K. 24 And Agent Simock, how are you employed? Q 25 I'm employed with the Brevard County Sheriff's А

Office as an agent with the major crimes unit.

- Q And as an agent with major crimes, what are your duties?
- A We investigate mostly homicides and death investigations in the unincorporated area of Brevard County.
- Q How long have you been employed with the sheriff's officer?
  - A Approximately seven years.
- Q And during that time, have you conducted a number of interviews with witnesses as well as potential suspects?
  - A Yes, I have.

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- Q And how many interviews have you conducted?
- A With the sheriff's office several hundred and in my prior employment with the Allentown Police

  Department approximately twenty years several thousand.
- Q And what prior law enforcement employment do you have?
- A I was with the Allentown Town Police Department where I retired as a detective sergeant with the major crimes homicide unit.
- Q And during your time both with them as well as with the sheriff's, have you had any training on conducting interviews?

- 1
- Α Yes.

Α

- 2
- Q Tell the jury about that training.

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there's been numerous schools that I've been to as far as

the police academy, community colleges, probably ten or twelve to be honest with you all dealing with

investigations and interviews.

And during your time as well, have you received any training concerning narcotic substances, the affect of substances on a person?

I've been to the Read and Scan schools, just --

- Yes, during the police academy, yes.
- And have you during your -- how many total years in law enforcement?
  - Α Twenty-six.
- During your twenty-six years in law enforcement, have you had opportunities to have contact with people who were under the influence of various substances?
  - Α Yes.
  - Could you tell the jury how many times? 0
  - Α Hundreds of thousands. A lot. Very many.
- Now, I want to bring your attention to March 6th, 2012, on that date did you have contact with a person who became known to you as Brandon Bradley.
  - Yes, I did.

- 1
- Where did that contact occur? 0
- 2

- Α The first contact I had with him was at Parkway and Turtle Mound Road in Melbourne.
- 4
- And what contact did you have with him?
- 5
- He was in the back of a marked patrol unit,
- 6
- Brevard County Sheriff's Office marked patrol unit where
- 7
- he had already been taken into custody, he was handcuffed
- 8

9

- And did you talk to him at all at that point? 0
- 10
- Α Very briefly.

in the back of the car.

- 11
- And what was your next contact with him? 0
- 12
- Next contact I had with him was approximately

And when he was -- we've had testimony already

- 13
- 7:30 in the evening at the Criminal Investigations Bureau
- 14
- building in Rockledge.

sheriff's office?

the CID building.

- 15
- that he was transported from that scene at Parkway to the 16
- 17
- sheriff's office on Gus Hipp, do you know where he was
- 18
- kept during that seven and a half hours or so at the
- 19

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- I believe it was interview room 2 which is in
- 21
- And is that same interview room that ultimately 22
- 23

24

Α Yes.

had contact with him?

- 25
- And during your contact with the defendant, Q

were any threats or promises made to him?

A No.

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- Q Was he mistreated at all in your presence?
- A Not at all?
  - Q Now, you indicated you made contact with him somewhere around 7:30 that evening?
    - A Yes.
- Q And prior to that, was he under observation with people at the sheriff's office with video?
- A As far as I know, I wasn't at the building for predominantly most of the time he was there, I was dealing with another individual.
- Q And when you went in to make contact with Mr. Bradley, can you tell the jury as you walked into the room what position was he?
- A He was laying against the north wall of interview room 2, he had like some plastic blankets that were over him, he was laying on his left side and positioned with his back against the wall.
  - Q Was he restrained in any manner at that time?
- A He did have a set of handcuffs but they were in the front on his wrists.
  - Q And when you walked into the interview room, did you request anything of him at that time?
    - A Well, first we checked to see, you know, if

he's all right, made sure, he was kind of asleep. So, we woke him up, assisted him from getting up from the floor and on to a chair.

Q And when he was getting up, did he have any difficulty at that point?

A No, not getting up. Agent Spadafora did assist him in getting up from the ground and helped him get on to the chair.

Q And as he was getting on to the chair, did anything happen?

A No.

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Q Now, you indicated he had a blanket around him, can you kind of tell the jury what did he have around him?

A It was a plastic blanket, it's the kind we have in patrol cars, they're not cloth. He was kind of cold so we actually did go out and get him a canvas wrap is what the best we had at the CID building and we wrapped that around him to keep him warm.

Q Now, did you read him what are known as Miranda warnings?

A Yes.

Q And was that captured on video?

A Yes, it was.

Q In fact, was your entire contact with the defendant in that room captured on video?

1 A Yes.

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Q And when you read him those Miranda warnings, did he appear to understand?

A Yes.

Q And did he agree to speak with you?

A He did.

Q At any time did he ever indicate to you that he did not wish to talk with you about the shooting of Deputy Pill?

A No.

Q During the interview did he always appear to understand?

A Yes.

MR. MOORE: Objection, speculation.

THE COURT: Okay. Sustained.

MR. MOORE: Move to strike.

THE COURT: It shall be stricken.

MR. BROWN: Judge, may we approach on that?

THE COURT: Yes, you may.

(Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out of the hearing of the jury as follows:)

MR. BROWN: Judge, I believe my question is appropriate. My question was did he appear to understand you. So, it's what he's observing. I believe that's a valid question to ask him. I'm not

asking him did the defendant understand you, I'm asking how did the defendant appear to you and I used the term appear --

MR. MOORE: That's the same gift in a different package. He's asking for this witness to speculate about the thought process of Mr. Bradley which is it's entirely speculation, unless he's a mind reader. He cannot say what he thinks another person is thinking, that's speculation.

MR. BROWN: If you ask questions and your responses aren't even anywhere close to topic which you're covering, then it would appear to you that the person doesn't understand you. If the person is responding appropriately to you, it appears to you he understands you, and it's all what his perception of his contact with the defendant. So, I believe it's an appropriate question to ask.

THE COURT: My concern is that it's going to be on video and they can make their own determination as to whether he appeared to understand or not. If it explains his course of conduct, it might be admissible, but I think there's other ways you can get that in as well. So, I'm going to sustain the objection.

(Thereupon, the benchside conference was

concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:) 1 BY MR. BROWN: 2 During the interview, agent, did you ask the 3 defendant --4 MR. MOORE: I'm sorry. Would the Court 5 instruct the jury? Can we approach on that? 6 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 8 (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out of the hearing of the jury as follows:) 9 10 MR. MOORE: Part of that request was that the 11 jury be instructed to disregard that last comment, the last testimony by the witness. The Court 12 13 sustained my objection, I'm asking the Court to instruct this witness -- the jury to disregard. 14 I don't know if he even answered. 15 MR. BROWN: MR. MOORE: He did. He did indeed and that's 16 17 before I could get up. THE COURT: If that's what you're requesting, 18 that's what I'll do. 19 20 MR. MOORE: Thank you. (Thereupon, the benchside conference was 21 concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:) 22 THE COURT: All right. The objection was 23 24 sustained, the answer is stricken and the jury is

instructed to disregard that answer.

BY MR. BROWN:

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- Q Agent Simock, during your interview with the defendant, did you ask him numerous questions throughout that interview?
  - A Yes, I did.
- Q And did his answers to you, did he respond in an appropriate manner to you?
  - A Yes.
- Q Did he respond to the same topic and subject matter of the question that you asked?
- 11 A Yes.
  - Q And throughout the interview were you able to understand the defendant?
- 14 A Yes, I was.
  - Q Throughout the interview did he at times make any corrections of you or tried to correct you when you would restate his previous answers?
  - A Yes.
    - Q What time did you begin your interview?
  - A Approximately 7:30 in the evening, 19:30 hours.
- 21 Q And was your entire interview captured on the video recording system?
  - A Yes, it was.
- 24 Q Throughout your entire contact with the 25 defendant and your interview of him, did he ever give you

any types of answers that had no relationship to the 1 2 question you asked? 3 А No. MR. MOORE: Your Honor, again, this is 4 speculative, speculation, his opinion on thought 5 process, opinion testimony isn't appropriate. 6 7 Okay. I'll sus --THE COURT: 8 MR. BROWN: May I be heard on it? 9 THE COURT: Yes, you may. (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out 10 of the hearing of the jury as follows:) 11 Judge, first I am going to object 12 MR. BROWN: 13 to speaking objection, but second it's not an opinion 14 question. It's the defendant's response to the subject matter of what he's asking questions of. 15 It's what he's heard from the defendant. It's not 16 the defendant's thought process (unintelligible), 17 it's simply the defendant's response to his 18 19 questions. THE COURT: It's his opinion as to whether it 20 21 was appropriate. MR. BROWN: It's related to the same subject 22 23 matter. 24 MR. MOORE: Same thing.

THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.

1 (Thereupon, the benchside conference was concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:) 2 3 MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may I approach the witness? 4 5 THE COURT: Yes, you may. BY MR. BROWN: 6 Agent, I'm going to show you what has been 7 marked Exhibit GJ, do you recognize that exhibit? 8 9 Yes, I do. Α And how do you recognize it? 10 11 This is the video that I watched of 12 Mr. Bradley's interview. And have you watched that exact disc? 13 Q 14 Α Yes, I have. How do you know that you have watched that 15 0 16 disc? I initialed it. 17 And is that a fair representation of the 18 interview that you conducted of the defendant on March 19 20 6th, 2012? 21 Α Yes, it is. 22 MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time the State would move what is marked as GJ into evidence as the 23 next numbered State exhibit. 24

THE COURT: Okay. Response from the Defense.

1 MR. MOORE: No objection. THE COURT: Okay. GJ will be received as 2 3 State's Exhibit 165. (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 165 was 4 5 marked and received in evidence.) MR. BROWN: Your Honor, may we approach? 6 7 THE COURT: Yes, you may. (Thereupon, a benchside conference was had out 8 9 of the hearing of the jury as follows:) MR. BROWN: Your Honor, pursuant to Defense 10 motion and the Court's ruling, portions of this video 11 have been edited out. There is a timer that's on the 12 video itself as well as some of the redactions that 13 14 (unintelligible). THE COURT: You want a redaction instruction? 15 MR. BROWN: Right. So, I'm going -- I have a 16 few more questions of this agent and then I'm going 17 to ask to publish. I wanted to let the Court know 18 before T --19 THE COURT: I have a redaction instruction, 2.0 just let me find it. Okay. Here's two different 21 22 ones. This is a simpler one. MR. MOORE: I'd say go with that one. 23 THE COURT: This one? 24

MR. MOORE: Yes, the simpler one.

MR. BROWN: We're good with that.

THE COURT: Okay. Just tell me when.

MR. BROWN: Yes, Your Honor.

(Thereupon, the benchside conference was concluded and the proceedings were had as follows:)

BY MR. BROWN:

- Q Agent, during the interview, were there any other agents present with you for the interview?
  - A Yes, there was.
  - Q And who else was present?
  - A Agent Mike Spadafora.
- Q And is his contact with the defendant, did it all occur within your presence?
- A Yes.

- Q And is his contact also captured on the video?
- 16 A Yes, it is.
  - MR. BROWN: Your Honor, at this time the State would move to publish what is now Exhibit 165 to the jury.

THE COURT: Okay. Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, there have been redactions to this DVD pursuant to a court -- this Court's order. You are not to speculate or draw inferences from any editing or redactions. Both parties agree that the contents is a fair and accurate representation for the purpose of

1 this trial. 2 Okay. Mr. Brown, tell me when you get it set up, I'll turn off the lights. 3 4 MR. MOORE: May I relocate? 5 THE COURT: Yes, you may. 6 (Thereupon, State's Exhibit Number 165 was 7 published to the jury as follows:) AGENT SIMOCK: Hey, Brandon. Hey, man, take it 8 off. You're going to suffocate yourself. What are 9 you trying to do? You cold? Can you sit up for us, 10 please? Is that possible? You need some help? Let 11 12 me help you up. Ready? Oh. You all right? You all 13 right? You okay? All right man? You okay? Oh what 14 happened? MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible). 15 AGENT SIMOCK: Brandon, I'm --16 17 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible). AGENT SIMOCK: Brandon, I'm Wayne. 18 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 19 20 AGENT SIMOCK: I'm an agent with the sheriff's This is my parter Mike. 21 office. 22 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 23 AGENT SIMOCK: He's an agent with the sheriff's

office as well. Okay?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

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AGENT SIMOCK: Listen. You know what we want to talk to you about. I mean, there's -- that's obvious.

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: We like to say this is what we have. We an idea of what happened, okay, obviously, and there is, as my partner believes and I believe the same thing, there's always two sides. There may be a reason this happened, we don't know.

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: We don't know what led up to this, okay, but you do, and the other person that was in the vehicle with you.

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Obviously she's here as well. Okay. So, we'd like to talk to you about this. Okay?

MR. BRADLEY: I don't (unintelligible).

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. But here's what we have to do. It's just the way it is, okay, and we've been doing this a long time. We have rules we have to adhere by. We have to read you your rights. Okay?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. We have to do this. Okay? Are you willing to listen to those?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Okay. Appreciate it. Do you want to read these along with? First one is that you have the right to remain silent. Okay? Do you understand that?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Anything you say can be used against you in court, do you understand that?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: You have the right to talk to lawyer for advice before you answer any questions and have him or her present with you during questioning.

Do you understand that?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: If you cannot afford a lawyer, one will be appointed to represent you before any questioning if you wish. Do you understand that?

Yes?

MR. BRADLEY: Yes.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. You all right?

MR. BRADLEY: Cold.

AGENT SPADAFORA: You want to see if I can get you some blanket or something?

AGENT SIMOCK: Can we see about getting a blanket?

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MR. BRADLEY: I (unintelligible).

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AGENT SIMOCK: Yeah? Okay. If you decide to answer questions now without a lawyer present, you still have a right to stop answering questions at any time. You also have the right to stop answering questions at any time until you talk to a lawyer. Doesn't mean you never get a lawyer. Okay?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: That's not what it means if you talk to us today. Okay? Any questions you don't want to anwer, you don't have to. You understand that?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Do you understand each of these rights that I've read to you?

MR. BRADLEY: I understand.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. If you understand them I need you to initial there just that you understand them. Okay?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. All right. And with these rights in mind, do you have a problem talking about what happened today?

MR. BRADLEY: No, I can tell you what happened, 1 2 my girl can tell you what happened. 3 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Can you talk to us 4 then? 5 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. I appreciate that. I 6 appreciate that. Okay. All right. My partner's 8 getting a blanket for you right now. So, while we're 9 waiting for him, okay, since you understand your 10 rights and you're going talk to us little about this, Brandon, where you live at? Do you have a good 11 12 address? 13 AGENT SPADAFORA: Here you go. 14 AGENT SIMOCK: How's this? 15 AGENT SPADAFORA: This is the best I could do on short notice. 16 AGENT SIMOCK: Is that better? 17 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 18 19 AGENT SIMOCK: All right. Where are you living 20 at right now? MR. BRADLEY: I was staying on Williams Street 21 22 in Melbourne. 23 AGENT SIMOCK: On Williams Street? 24 MR. BRADLEY: Williams.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Who were you living there

1	with?
2	MR. BRADLEY: I was with my auntie and my
3	cousin.
4	AGENT SIMOCK: Your Annie your cousin?
5	MR. BRADLEY: My auntie and my cousin.
6	AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. All right. Okay. How
7	long you been living there?
8	MR. BRADLEY: I only stay there at night.
9	AGENT SIMOCK: Oh, okay. Where were staying as
10	of late where you been staying at?
11	MR. BRADLEY: I was staying at the apartment
12	with my girl (unintelligible).
13	AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. And who's your
14	girlfriend?
15	MR. BRADLEY: Andria.
16	AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Andria. You call her
17	Andria or Andria. Okay.
18	MR. BRADLEY: The same thing.
19	AGENT SIMOCK: How long have you guys been
20	going together?
21	MR. BRADLEY: I know her since I was twelve
22	years old.
23	AGENT SIMOCK: Twelve years old.
24	MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.

AGENT SIMOCK: Long time. Go to school

1 together? 2 MR. BRADLEY: You can talk to her all you want 3 to. AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. We've talked to her. 4 5 MR. BRADLEY: I'll tell you. AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Were you guys 6 7 hanging out then or? 8 MR. BRADLEY: We was hanging out there. 9 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Where were you hanging? 10 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible) motel. 11 (Unintelligible) about to go back to her house to 12 (unintelligible) clothes to put in the apartment. AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. You were going to put her 13 14 close in an apartment? 15 MR. BRADLEY: No, we getting out 16 (unintelligible) and. I'm just... 17 AGENT SIMOCK: Take your time. 18 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, in the apartment 19 (unintelligible) we was going to go over there and 20 got to get this shit right. We was staying in a 21 hotel (unintelligible), whatever, whatever and then 22 that's when we was going to get the apartment. 23 AGENT SPADAFORA: Where was the apartment at 24 that you were going to get?

MR. BRADLEY: Um, (unintelligible) Lake

Is

Ι

1 Washington. 2 AGENT SPADAFORA: Lake Washington. Okay. it by the golf course? 3 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 4 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. What happened then? 5 6 MR. BRADLEY: This. 7 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. Well, this, that's kind of vague. I mean, you were going through the 8 apartment and then this happened. Okay. 9 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible). 10 AGENT SPADAFORA: Tell me about this. I mean, 11 12 it's tragic, I understand. MR. BRADLEY: I know it is, I'm sorry, all that 13 shit but. 14 AGENT SPADAFORA: You're sorry. I understand 15 16 that. MR. BRADLEY: Makes me feel like 17 (unintelligible). 18 AGENT SIMOCK: Let me say something. 19 MR. BRADLEY: I'm a real whatever, whatever. 20

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don't like put in my position, position, whatever (unintelligible) like that but (unintelligible), you feel me, and I opened the door, I'm like what's up, you (unintelligible) me and she's like oh, (unintelligible) get out, get out, get out. I'm like

1 for what, what I did. I don't know one 2 (unintelligible) ever -- don't ever open the car 3 door, they done come to you. AGENT SPADAFORA: What happened when the car 4 5 door opened? 6 MR. BRADLEY: Car door opened, I just reaching 7 already (unintelligible) and uh. 8 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. 9 MR. BRADLEY: And I had the car door opened and 10 I'm like what I did, what I did. She's like get over 11 here right now, get over right now. I'm like no, 12 what I did, tell me what I did, before I get out of 13 the car what I did and then she got (unintelligible) 14 like this and (unintelligible). 15 AGENT SIMOCK: She was -- she was doing that? 16 I can't see your hands. 17 AGENT SPADAFORA: Brandon, can you stand up and 18 show us what --19 AGENT SIMOCK: Show us for a second because we 20 can't see your hands. 21 AGENT SPADAFORA: We'll cover you back up

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again.

MR. BRADLEY: I was sitting in the car, she walking up going like, what I did, what I did. She like I don't need to tell you what you did, what you

this, I ain't going to lie to you, like going just like this hand me (unintelligible).

AGENT SPADAFORA: What happened next? I'll be

I'm like (unintelligible). Just came just like

AGENT SPADAFORA: What happened next? I'll be here, I'm her. You tell me what she did. You're sitting in your car?

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. And I think you would be on this side. Let me scoot your chair over, okay? Scoot you over here in the middle. Okay? Have a seat. Act like you're sitting in the car. Okay. Whoa, take your time.

AGENT SIMOCK: Take your time. You all right?

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. So now, I'm the deputy
and I approach, right? Okay. So, I'm over here and
what is she doing? She has her hand here telling you
to get out of the car?

MR. BRADLEY: No, I'm like just sitting.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. She would be over here. She'd be coming up behind.

AGENT SIMOCK: How about if we pull your chair up a little bit. Just don't fall down. We'll move it up here and have you sit down and then Mike will be the deputy.

AGENT SPADAFORA: All right. I'm the deputy,

	rage 1101
1	telling you what did she say, come out of the car?
2	MR. BRADLEY: I'm going like this.
3	AGENT SPADAFORA: She comes up and she's like
4	this?
5	MR. BRADLEY: Oh, everything (unintelligible)
6	and that's like what I did, what I did.
7	AGENT SPADAFORA: Right.
8	MR. BRADLEY: That's when she was.
9	AGENT SPADAFORA: She said get out of the car?
LO	MR. BRADLEY: That's (unintelligible) anybody.
L1	AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. And what did do?
L2	MR. BRADLEY: What?
L3	AGENT SPADAFORA: Did she reach in the car or
L 4	didn't?
L5	MR. BRADLEY: She was reaching for her gun.
16	AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. So, she's this is
17	the gun, she's reaching?
18	MR. BRADLEY: That's the gun, this the taser.
19	I'm from the hood.
20	AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. And then what happened
21	when she reached for the gun?
22	MR. BRADLEY: I thought she going to shoot me.
23	AGENT SPADAFORA: And what did you do?
24	MR. BRADLEY: I pulled mine out.
25	AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Where was your gun on

you?

MR. BRADLEY: Way somewhere over there.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. Now, we talked to Andria, she said she handed -- did she hand you the gun?

MR. BRADLEY: No, she ain't hand me the gun.

AGENT SPADAFORA: She didn't hand you the gun. Okay. So, you got the gun, what happened next? The deputy is over here, you're sitting in your car, the door's open, correct?

MR. BRADLEY: The door ain't open yet.

AGENT SPADAFORA: The door ain't open yet.

Okay. So, she's trying to get the door open or you tell me. What's happening?

MR. BRADLEY: I sitting there regardless, she coming up asking. I'm like all right, all right, but she come with her hand on her gun.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. Like this? I'm her now.

MR. BRADLEY: I don't know taser, I don't give a fuck about the taser.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Right. Right.

MR. BRADLEY: Like I said, my (unintelligible).

AGENT SPADAFORA: So, what happened? She's up here now, you're reaching over for what? What are

you reaching for over there? 1 MR. BRADLEY: Reaching for what? 2 AGENT SPADAFORA: You said you reached over 3 while she was -- had her hand on the gun, you said 4 5 you got your gun and you reached over. Is that what your were reaching for is your gun? 6 MR. BRADLEY: I didn't say I reached for my 7 8 gun. AGENT SPADAFORA: Didn't you say it was way 9 10 over there? MR. BRADLEY: I said it was way over there, I 11 didn't say I was reaching for it. 12 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. So, you -- at 13 what point did you get your gun? 14 MR. BRADLEY: When she was going like this. 15 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. And what happened 16 next? You had your gun, she has her hand on here, 17 what happened next? 18 MR. BRADLEY: Shit, I shot her, I thought she 19 20 was going to shoot me. AGENT SPADAFORA: You shot her? Where did you 21 do it? 22 MR. BRADLEY: I couldn't tell you to tell you 23 24 the truth.

AGENT SPADAFORA: How many times did you shoot?

1 MR. BRADLEY: Probably twice. 2 AGENT SPADAFORA: Twice? Okay. What kind of 3 qun did you have? MR. BRADLEY: I can't tell you. 4 5 AGENT SPADAFORA: You don't know? 6 MR. BRADLEY: See, I ain't like no manufacturer 7 of guns. 8 AGENT SPADAFORA: Was this like this one with a 9 clip in it? Was it round? Did it will the bullets 10 in a round cylinder? 11 MR. BRADLEY: What's a round cylinder like? 12 AGENT SPADAFORA: Like a revolver? Was it a 13 revolver? 14 MR. BRADLEY: No. AGENT SPADAFORA: Was it more like this? 15 MR. BRADLEY: What is that? 16 17 AGENT SPADAFORA: It has a clip in the bottom? 18 MR. BRADLEY: Oh, yeah, it had a clip in the 19 bottom. 20 AGENT SPADAFORA: It had a clip in the bottom. 21 Okay. And what happened when you shot her? What 22 happened. 23 MR. BRADLEY: What happened when I shot her? 24 AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah, when you shot her, what 25

happened?

1 MR. BRADLEY: I drove off. AGENT SPADAFORA: You drove off. And where did 2 you go from there? 3 AGENT SIMOCK: Let's have you sit back here, 4 Okay. Just need to back up. You want me to 5 sir. cover up again? 6 After shot her you said you drove away? 7 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 8 AGENT SIMOCK: Where did you drive to? 9 MR. BRADLEY: Down (unintelligible) roads. 10 AGENT SIMOCK: And what happened while you were 11 driving, you stop anywhere? 12 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, I tried to stop. 13 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Was anybody chasing you 14 15 at that point? MR. BRADLEY: I couldn't tell you. 16 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Who was in the car with 17 you at that point, you and your girl? 18 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 19 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. What happened to the gun 20 after you started driving away? 21 22 MR. BRADLEY: I don't know, the cop (unintelligible). 23 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Before that, before the 24

other thing happened, I'm talking about right after

you shot the deputy, what did you do with the gun?

MR. BRADLEY: The gun went flying around, I'm going like this and this.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay did you still it? I mean, was in your hand, what did you do with it? How did it get out of your hand.

MR. BRADLEY: It wasn't out of my hand.

AGENT SPADAFORA: And -- you want me to call -- what would you like me to call you?

MR. BRADLEY: Whatever you want to call me.

AGENT SPADAFORA: All right. Mr. Bradley, we know that and how we know that is because we talked to Adrian (sic.), okay, and she said that she took the gun and put it in between the back seat of the car.

MR. BRADLEY: In the back seat of the car.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Of the SUV, the back seat, she shoved it in between the seat. She said the gun was still hot when she stuffed it back in there.

MR. BRADLEY: Well, you can find

(unintelligible) but I know for a fact that ain't

whatever she's saying or whatever, whatever. If it

was a gun there, there was a gun there but I know for

a fact there ain't no gun there.

AGENT SIMOCK: Did you hand the gun to Andria?

1 MR. BRADLEY: No. AGENT SIMOCK: You didn't hand it to Andria? 2 MR. BRADLEY: Huh-uh. 3 AGENT SIMOCK: How did the gun get out of your 4 hand though? Were you driving (unintelligible)? 5 MR. BRADLEY: I'm saying I'm driving and I'm 6 7 swerving, the gun going probably be over there or over there. 8 AGENT SIMOCK: Did you just drop the gun after 9 you shot it, then it went over there and over there? 10 I guess that's what I'm trying -- it has to be in 11 12 your hand when it fired, correct? 13 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. As soon as you finished 14 shooting, what happened to the gun? Did you just 15 16 drop it, did you toss it, did you put it somewhere? That's what I guess my question is. 17 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, I dropped it. 18 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. So, you dropped it. 19 Okay. And then you drove towards John Rodes, is that 20 21 what you said? 22 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 23 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Where do you drive after

that? Do you stop anywhere after the shooting?

No.

MR. BRADLEY:

24

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. You didn't stop anywhere?

MR. BRADLEY: What she told me that I stopped.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. We knew and we're just make to make sure that everything kind of makes sense.

MR. BRADLEY: You can tell you whatever you want.

AGENT SIMOCK: I don't want to tell you anything. I don't want to put words in your mouth.

MR. BRADLEY: I ain't saying you will.

AGENT SIMOCK: I want to be straight up with you and I do, I want to be straight up with you.

It's very serious. It's very, very serious.

MR. BRADLEY: I know it's very severe.

AGENT SIMOCK: But again two sides. You kind of explained why it happened, just want to know now what happened afterward.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Can I back up just a moment?

AGENT SIMOCK: Sure, absolutely.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Mr. Bradley, when you said the deputy came up and she had her hand on her gun, did she ever pull her gun out?

MR. BRADLEY: She was unholstering it, sir.

AGENT SPADAFORA: But did you ever see her take the gun out and point it at you?

Can I

You

MR. BRADLEY: Well, (unintelligible). 1 2 talk? AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah, yeah, yeah. Yeah. 3 4 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible). 5 AGENT SIMOCK: No, no, no. You talk. talk. 6 AGENT SPADAFORA: I'm just trying to understand 7 8 how --9 MR. BRADLEY: I see what you're saying but at the same time as she's doing the shit, ain't like I 10 got my shit, hey, hey, hey. You see what I mean. 11 AGENT SPADAFORA: Right. So, she never did 12 actually get the gun out of the holster? 13 MR. BRADLEY: She was trying to pull the gun 14 15 out the holster. 16 AGENT SPADAFORA: She was trying to but she 17 didn't actually get the gun out. Did she? I mean, I'm asking, I don't know. No? Okay. I just wanted 18 19 to clarify that. I appreciate that. 20 MR. BRADLEY: I feel what you're saying but (unintelligible) like I'm sorry but I feel anybody 21 22 (unintelligible). 23 AGENT SPADAFORA: And once that happened you 24 say you took off and went down to John Rodes, did you

25

pull into a neighborhood and get out of the car and

then somebody said something and you got back in the 1 car and left? I'm asking. I'm asking. 2 3 MR. BRADLEY: I tell you what, if I'm on the run, whatever, I'm (unintelligible). 4 AGENT SPADAFORA: I'm sorry, I didn't hear 5 6 that. MR. BRADLEY: I said if I did like I wouldn't 7 8 (unintelligible). 9 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Did you get out of the 10 car at all? Did you get out of the car after the 11 shooting? 12 MR. BRADLEY: With you all. 13 AGENT SIMOCK: Before that did you get out of 14 the car at all, you or Andria? 15 MR. BRADLEY: I don't think so. AGENT SIMOCK: You don't think so. 16 17 AGENT SPADAFORA: Is it possible that you could have and don't remember? 18 MR. BRADLEY: It might be, I (unintelligible). 19 20 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. All right. Tell me a little bit about what happened when the officers got 21 finally caught you up with you, what happened? 22 23 MR. BRADLEY: We driving down (unintelligible) 24 with Aurora.

AGENT SIMOCK: Aurora?

1 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, at the end of Aurora back 2 to John Rodes would be a left. 3 AGENT SIMOCK: You made a left off of Aurora? 4 MR. BRADLEY: No. 5 AGENT SPADAFORA: John Rodes. 6 AGENT SIMOCK: John Rodes is down by Eau Gallie 7 and if you go across --MR. BRADLEY: No, I'm saying John Rodes that's 8 9 where I went towards Aurora. 10 THE WITNESS: Okay. You went towards Aurora. 11 Okay. I got you. It's where it makes that turn, 12 that sharp turn? 13 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. AGENT SIMOCK: All right. So, you went on to 14 15 Aurora and then where? 16 MR. BRADLEY: It wasn't Aurora. 17 AGENT SIMOCK: You made a left off of Aurora 18 then? 19 MR. BRADLEY: No. (Unintelligible) making a 20 right or (unintelligible). 21 AGENT SIMOCK: Right. Okay. I understand. Ву 22 the trailer parks. Okay. Then what happened? 23 MR. BRADLEY: Just driving, driving fixing to 24 go her house. 25 AGENT SIMOCK: You stopped at her house?

1 MR. BRADLEY: No, I said we were fixing to go 2 there. 3 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. AGENT SPADAFORA: Where does she live? 4 5 Sherwood. MR. BRADLEY: AGENT SPADAFORA: Sherwood. Okay. 6 7 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. 8 MR. BRADLEY: You know what I'm saying. 9 driving, see no cars whatever (unintelligible) still 10 driving. I looked back seeing like (unintelligible) 11 or not but she get the lights on me and I was like 12 what I did, what I did, you feel me, putting her hand 13 on the holster she like you need to get out of the 14 car right now, you need to get out of the car right 15 I said what I did, I'll get out, just tell me 16 what I did, started walking up going like this. 17 AGENT SPADAFORA: Did you say anything to 18 Andria before you shot the deputy? 19 MR. BRADLEY: Huh? 20 AGENT SPADAFORA: Did you say anything to 21 Andria before you shot the deputy? 22 I (unintelligible). MR. BRADLEY: AGENT SPADAFORA: 23 To what? 24 MR. BRADLEY: I told her baby I don't want you

to get mad anything happen.

AGENT SPADAFORA: You told her you didn't want 1 her to do anything if anything happened? 2 MR. BRADLEY: You know what I'm saying, like I 3 don't want her to get involved in anything 4 (unintelligible). 5 AGENT SIMOCK: You didn't want to get Andria 6 involved if anything was to happen? 7 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 8 9 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Did you have warrants? Um-hmm. 10 MR. BRADLEY: AGENT SIMOCK: You were aware of the warrants I 11 12 quess? MR. BRADLEY: Hmm? 13 AGENT SIMOCK: You were aware of the warrants? 14 MR. BRADLEY: Was I wear of the warrants? 15 AGENT SIMOCK: You knew you had them. 16 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 17 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Did the deputy say 18 anything about warrants or not? I'm asking you. 19 MR. BRADLEY: 20 Huh-uh. AGENT SIMOCK: Did the deputy tell you to stay 21 in the car, get out of the car? 22 MR. BRADLEY: That's exactly what happened, 23 what I'm saying. I know because you all troll and 24 stuff but if you was there and (unintelligible) it

wasn't going to be no this and that. 1 AGENT SPADAFORA: Mr. Bradley, can I ask you a 2 3 question? MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 4 AGENT SPADAFORA: When you were pulled over by 5 the deputy you knew you had warrants, were you afraid 6 of going back to jail again? 7 MR. BRADLEY: It ain't even that. 8 9 AGENT SPADAFORA: No? MR. BRADLEY: It ain't even that. 10 AGENT SPADAFORA: Let me ask you a question. 11 If you weren't afraid of going back to jail --12 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible) going back to 13 jail, I'm (unintelligible) she did it. 14 15 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. Okay. 16 MR. BRADLEY: I ain't (unintelligible) tough, I 17 do my time. AGENT SPADAFORA: Right. 18 MR. BRADLEY: Somebody going -- I ain't dumb, 19 20 they're going --AGENT SPADAFORA: Let me ask you a question. 21 You told me you grew up on the street, you're pretty 22 street smart, right? 23 24 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. You've been in fights

1 before? MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 2 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. Have you ever had a 3 4 gun pulled on you before? 5 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. Was it somebody other 6 than law enforcement that pulled a gun on you before? 7 MR. BRADLEY: I got tased three times by troll 8 9 so. 10 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. So, they tased you. Okay. But has anybody besides a law enforcement 11 officer ever pointed a gun at you before? 12 MR. BRADLEY: Yes. 13 14 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. 15 MR. BRADLEY: Many times deal. 16 (Unintelligible) my cousin so. 17 AGENT SPADAFORA: These are pretty hard guys 18 that are acting sitting here like this pointing a gun 19 at you. 20 MR. BRADLEY: I mean like actually like burning 21 (unintelligible) like (unintelligible). AGENT SPADAFORA: Now, they're sitting here and 22 they're pointing a gun at you, are you afraid? 23 MR. BRADLEY: Am I afraid? 24 25 AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah.

MR. BRADLEY: Everybody afraid but I know they ain't going to use it.

AGENT SIMOCK: All right. Okay. I'm just trying to understand you because I've never meet you before, right? Okay. You've had guns pulled on you before, you were afraid. Now you have a deputy, a female deputy, who doesn't even take her gun out of her holster, she has her hand on it and you shoot before she even takes her gun out of her holster.

MR. BRADLEY: But I say you wasn't there to see that.

AGENT SIMOCK: Well, that's what I'm --

MR. BRADLEY: You thinking you've seen like -I feel like I'm a bad guy because of what I did but
at the same time you weren't there.

AGENT SIMOCK: No, and that's why I'm trying -- and I'm trying to gage your level of fear because I can understand a person that was never ever involved, you know what I'm saying, like --

MR. BRADLEY: Like I said, I got all these rest in peace, I got way more to put on. I'm (unintelligible).

AGENT SIMOCK: I understand.

MR. BRADLEY: I got heavy.

AGENT SIMOCK: Where did you -- where did

you -- where did you have the gun when the deputy came up, was it in your pants, was it in your lap, was it in a shirt, was it on the seat?

MR. BRADLEY: Probably on the seat or something.

AGENT SIMOCK: Was it on the seat next to you or was it between your legs?

MR. BRADLEY: Somewhere on the seat.

AGENT SIMOCK: You're looking to your right but you tell me it's on the passengers seat or in between the seats, is that a fair assessment? Is that fair to say.

MR. BRADLEY: That's fair to say.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. All right. So, the gun was between the seats. Okay. Where did you get the gun? Did you get the gun today, did you just pick it up today, did you have it for a while? Did you have a permit for it? I don't know, I'm asking you.

MR. BRADLEY: I ain't got no (unintelligible) when you get you stay (unintelligible) I bet you any amount of money ain't no permits, but like I said, three, four people of mine got killed (unintelligible) six month.

AGENT SIMOCK: So, you had the gun for protection?

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, (unintelligible) gun for 1 2 protection. 3 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. MR. BRADLEY: I want to show you a tat the next 4 5 time (unintelligible) kill me, I'm supposed to walk around and when he sees me kill me. Like I 6 (unintelligible). AGENT SIMOCK: So, because of where you live, 8 9 because of the places you hang out, it would not be 10 uncommon to carry a gun to protect yourself, true? 11 Make sense? I'm asking. MR. BRADLEY: I'll tell you. 12 13 AGENT SIMOCK: All right. Okay. So, how long 14 did you have that gun? 15 MR. BRADLEY: Not long. AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. What's not long? I mean, 16 I don't know. 17 MR. BRADLEY: Huh? 18 19 AGENT SIMOCK: Long could be an hour, it could 20 be a month. MR. BRADLEY: Like (unintelligible) had a beef 21 with (unintelligible) walk around (unintelligible)? 22 23 AGENT SIMOCK: Who had the beef with you? 24 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible), he from Cocoa,

I don't even know the name.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. So, somebody had a beef with you so you got the gun a week ago and where did you get it from? Mr. Bradley, where did you get the gun?

MR. BRADLEY: A baser.

AGENT SIMOCK: I'm sorry?

MR. BRADLEY: A baser, crack head.

AGENT SIMOCK: A baser. Okay. All right. So, you got it from a baser. He just gave it to you or you traded for something? Really that's my -- really --

MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible) jail for a long time. Am I incriminating myself?

AGENT SPADAFORA: Let me ask you a question and you can educate me, okay, because I grew up (unintelligible) and this is my first show at the big show and you know Melbourne, it's a big city to me and I'm looking at your tattoos and you told me you had rest in peace. Is that your friends that were killed?

MR. BRADLEY: My cousin, my grandma, my people that had got murdered like (unintelligible) and this is every day thing. Like I got a warrant (unintelligible).

AGENT SPADAFORA: But who had -- how many names

do you have on there, about four or five? 1 MR. BRADLEY: Way more supposed to be. 2 AGENT SPADAFORA: Way more. Okay. Okay. 3 How many were killed by police officers? Were any of 4 them ever killed by a police officer? 5 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 6 7 AGENT SPADAFORA: Who, who on your arm was killed? 8 9 MR. BRADLEY: Not on my arm. 10 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. MR. BRADLEY: You know a Frank Carter? 11 AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah. Yeah. 12 13 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, he killed him, yeah. Is a friend of yours? Was he a 14 AGENT SIMOCK: 15 friend of yours? 16 MR. BRADLEY: Is he a friend of mine? AGENT SIMOCK: Well, I'm just asking, I don't 17 18 know. 19 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible) friend. 20 I'm (unintelligible) but he killed (unintelligible) because his daughter died. I feel sorry for him but 21 at the same time every time you see -- you shoot my 22 cousin because he got a bottle of pills and you shoot 23 24 him three times in the back. So, I'm (unintelligible) I'm the bad guy or whatever, you got

police --

AGENT SIMOCK: I'm not saying that, I'm just trying to understand you a little bit. Okay. Like I said before we never met each other.

MR. BRADLEY: I know we never met each other.

AGENT SIMOCK: And it's not fair that I talk to you and not know who I'm talking too. I mean, it wouldn't be right. So, I just want to make sure I understand who you are. Okay.

MR. BRADLEY: Really (unintelligible).

AGENT SIMOCK: And let me ask you, you said the gun was over there, okay, and we talked we talked to your girl about that and were you guys -- did you propose to her to get married?

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, I did.

AGENT SIMOCK: Now she's pregnant with your baby?

MR. BRADLEY: Yes, sir.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. You watch TV, you know that the gun is going to be processed and all that.

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.

AGENT SIMOCK: How much -- and she's already told me and told us. How many times has she touched that gun?

MR. BRADLEY: It isn't my gun, it's her gun.

AGENT SIMOCK: It's her gun?

2

MR. BRADLEY: It's my gun, I ain't going to lie

3

but she's a rider.

4

AGENT SIMOCK: She what?

5

MR. BRADLEY: She's a rider, she going to touch

6

it.

7

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. When you say the gun was over there, it was on her seat, wasn't it?

8

9

MR. BRADLEY: Shit crashed.

10

AGENT SIMOCK: No, I mean when the deputy

11

pulled up you said the gun was over there, that would

12

be on her seat, that gun was on her seat, correct?

13

MR. BRADLEY: It was.

14

AGENT SIMOCK: All right. Was she sitting on

15

it so it wouldn't fall off the seat?

16

MR. BRADLEY: I couldn't tell you, sir.

17

AGENT SIMOCK: You couldn't tell me. Did she

18

have to move for you to get it? When you reached

19

over, did she have to scoot over so you could reach

20

it? Because I'm using common sense. If you're my

21

friend and I love you I'm going to do what I can do  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$ 

to protect you. If I'm getting pulled over by a

22

23

deputy and the gun is on the seat, hell, I'm going to

24

deputy and the gun is on the seat, hell, I'm going to

scoot over and just sit on it so the deputy doesn't

25

see it. Common sense, do you agree with that?

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, I agree.

2

AGENT SIMOCK: So -- and she would be no different than anybody else. I mean, she loves you,

3

it's obvious. I mean, she told us.

5

MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible).

6

7

AGENT SIMOCK: So, that's why I'm asking you because she told us. I mean, she was sitting on the

8

gun, wasn't she? Is that right?

9

MR. BRADLEY: I just don't want to get my girl.

10

AGENT SIMOCK: I know, you don't want to get --

11

and trust me, I know you don't want to get her in

12

trouble but --

13

AGENT SPADAFORA: If she's telling the truth.

14

AGENT SIMOCK: She loves you, she said the gun

15

was here, I didn't want my man to get in trouble

16

so -- and that's understandable, I can understand

17

that. Okay. Is that true? Yeah? Okay. All right.

18

Yes?

19

AGENT SPADAFORA: We're not going to shit you,

20

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.

you talk to us.

22

21

AGENT SIMOCK: So, when did you get the gun

23

then when the deputy was coming up from underneath

24

your seat where she was sitting on it?

25

MR. BRADLEY: I don't even know, man.

AGENT SIMOCK: Did you have to ask her for it or did she just hand it to you?

AGENT SPADAFORA: I'll let you know up front it's better to be honest because --

MR. BRADLEY: I know it's better to be honest but (inaudible).

AGENT SPADAFORA: Here's the thing.

MR. BRADLEY: I love that girl, I do twenty, thirty.

1.3

AGENT SPADAFORA: But you're not going to help her by lying because here's some things that we do and I don't know if you ever heard of layered prints but if I touch like this and then you touch like this, we can peel the layers of prints off. Okay. And that is going to show us in what sequence somebody had that weapon. So, if she picked up the gun, handed it to you or like this and you grabbed it, well, guess whose fingerprints are going to be under yours.

MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah, exactly. So, if she handed you the gun we'd like to know that and she's -- she's already told us so I mean.

MR. BRADLEY: I just don't want to get her in trouble.

AGENT SPADAFORA: I know. I know. 1 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible) baby. 2 AGENT SIMOCK: You're telling the truth. 3 MR. BRADLEY: I know I'm telling, I ain't going 4 to lie, I'm just saying. 5 AGENT SIMOCK: That's what happened. 6 7 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible), you know, I can understand. 8 9 AGENT SIMOCK: Did she hand you the gun before the deputy go out of the car, when the deputy was 10 11 walking up? MR. BRADLEY: It was already sitting there. 12 AGENT SIMOCK: She was sitting on it? 13 MR. BRADLEY: No, it was already sitting there. 14 15 AGENT SIMOCK: When did she hand it to you? 16 MR. BRADLEY: Probably before she got out of 17 the car. Before the deputy got out of 18 AGENT SPADAFORA: 19 the car? Okay. Okay. 20 AGENT SIMOCK: She's handing it to you or do you just ask her for it? 21 MR. BRADLEY: I don't want to tell you, she the 22 one (unintelligible), she told me to pull over with 23 24 it. AGENT SIMOCK: She told you to pull over? 25

MR. BRADLEY: You hear me. I ain't going to lie to you, but when I seen that deputy's shit like reaching for her gun.

AGENT SIMOCK: Is that when you --

MR. BRADLEY: Huh?

AGENT SPADAFORA: She gave it to you and then you pulled up and shot?

MR. BRADLEY: I'm sitting and she's like oh, shit (unintelligible) gun and I went like that (unintelligible) got the shit.

AGENT SIMOCK: You grabbed it or she handed it to you?

AGENT SPADAFORA: She already told us that she --

AGENT SIMOCK: She already told us that she handed it to you and we talked to her.

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.

AGENT SIMOCK: So, she handed it to you?

MR. BRADLEY: I just don't want to get my baby mama in trouble, I take the rap.

AGENT SPADAFORA: You know what's funny and she said the exact same thing, but love is one thing and the truth is another. Okay. And the truth can be proved. Just by what I was telling you about this, the truth can be proved. Okay. Your love can be

proved also but the truth is much about bigger than your love at this point.

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. And you trying to lie to protect her when she's already told us, it doesn't make her look good and it doesn't make you either.

MR. BRADLEY: I see.

AGENT SPADAFORA: You know what I'm saying.

So, if she handed you the gun then just say hey,
that's the truth, and I want it to be the truth, if
she handed you the gun that she handed you the gun.
This ain't about protecting her or taking it for her.

MR. BRADLEY: I know it ain't about protecting her, I'm just saying.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Because we already know she didn't shoot. We already know that she didn't shoot, that you did the shooting. We know that. Okay. So, we already know that and if she handed you the gun, it is what it is. And let me tell you, I never met you, okay, but if I could go back and turn back the hands of time until yesterday, I would do that because it isn't good for anybody. It's not good for your newborn baby, it's definitely not good for the deputy or her family and if we turn back the time you two

could go about your happy d. 1 MR. BRADLEY: She still alive. 2 AGENT SPADAFORA: You two can --3 MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible), is she still 4 5 alive? AGENT SPADAFORA: No, no, she's not, she passed 6 7 away. MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible), you know what 8 9 I'm saying. AGENT SPADAFORA: If I could go back and I 10 could change all that, you guys could have your happy 11 life with your new baby and none of this would have 12 happened but we're not there. We're here. Okay? 13 14 All right. All right. Now, going back, Adrian 15 (sic.) handed the gun, is that the truth? MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 16 AGENT SPADAFORA: Okay. I appreciate that. 17 Thank you. Thank you. Do you need something to 18 19 drink? MR. BRADLEY: Pepsi or (unintelligible). 20 AGENT SIMOCK: We can try to find one, neither 21 one of us smoke. 22 (Thereupon, a pause was taken in the 23 24 interview.)

AGENT SIMOCK: Brandon, before you met up with

1 the deputy and the shooting, were you at a hotel or motel earlier this morning, do you remember that? 2 3 MR. BRADLEY: In a hotel? AGENT SIMOCK: Yeah, were you staying anywhere 4 last night with your girlfriend, with Andria? 5 MR. BRADLEY: I think it was. 6 7 AGENT SIMOCK: We talked to her a little bit 8 about something that happened earlier today, she was 9 telling us about in. 10 MR. BRADLEY: Now I'm trying to think about 11 (unintelligible). Yeah, yeah, yeah. 12 AGENT SIMOCK: Where was that at? 13 MR. BRADLEY: Behind the I-Hop. 14 AGENT SIMOCK: Behind the I-Hop. Do you 15 remember the name of the place you were staying? 16 AGENT SPADAFORA: I couldn't find one, I'm 17 sorry. We'll work on that. 18 AGENT SIMOCK: Do you remember where it was? 19 MR. BRADLEY: 192. 20 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. On 192. Do you remember the name of the place that it was? Was it a hotel or 21 a motel? 22 23 MR. BRADLEY: Motel. 24 AGENT SIMOCK: Motel. Do you remember the name

25

of it?

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MR. BRADLEY: Behind the I-Hop.
AGENT SIMOCK: Just behind the I-Hop. Okay.
And you and Andria were staying there, that's what
she told you.
MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.
AGENT SIMOCK: And then you leave this morning?
MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.
AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Do you remember what
happened when you guys were leaving?
MR. BRADLEY: We supposed to be doing all this
shit and get the apartment.
AGENT SIMOCK: So, you were going to get your
apartment, the one you were talking about?
MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.
AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. What were you taking out
of the motel?
MR. BRADLEY: Clothes.
AGENT SIMOCK: Clothes. Okay. And what were
the clothes in?
MR. BRADLEY: Baskets, mother fucking garage
bags.
AGENT SIMOCK: Garage bags, baskets. Were any
of your clothes still inside a piece of furniture
that was there at the motel?
MR. BRADLEY: A piece of what?

AGENT SIMOCK: Of furniture. You know what 1 furniture is like a table, a chair, a dresser, 2 3 anything like that. MR. BRADLEY: Was that there? 4 AGENT SIMOCK: Yeah, were your clothes or were 5 Andria's clothes in anything like that? You 6 remember, we did talk to her. I wouldn't be asking 7 you this if I didn't have an idea. 8 9 MR. BRADLEY: I (unintelligible). AGENT SIMOCK: I mean, this is the least of 10 11 anything, I'm just trying to make sure I get my timeline. 12 MR. BRADLEY: I feel you. 1.3 AGENT SIMOCK: Were you trying to take anything 14 15 from the motel that may be somebody got mad at you 16 for, somebody from the motel? 17 MR. BRADLEY: Was it the manager people? AGENT SIMOCK: Yeah, manager people. 18 19 MR. BRADLEY: Was I mad at him? 20 AGENT SIMOCK: No, were they mad at you? I guess with her. 21 MR. BRADLEY: 22 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. Were they mad at her? What were they mad at her for? 23 MR. BRADLEY: Because she had tried to take the 24

mother fucking, the picture or some shit.

1	AGENT SIMOCK: A picture?
2	MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.
3	AGENT SIMOCK: So, she was trying to take some
4	things from inside the motel?
5	MR. BRADLEY: And I told her what the fuck is
6	you doing.
7	AGENT SIMOCK: Okay.
8	MR. BRADLEY: (Unintelligible) trying to get an
9	apartment.
10	AGENT SIMOCK: Was she trying to get some
11	things maybe for the apartment?
12	MR. BRADLEY: I don't need that shit in my
13	apartment.
14	AGENT SIMOCK: But maybe she was trying to?
15	MR. BRADLEY: Yeah.
16	AGENT SIMOCK: So, what happened when the
17	manager, the management, what happened when she was
18	trying to take the things from the motel?
19	MR. BRADLEY: They were arguing.
20	AGENT SIMOCK: They were arguing? Was it a
21	man, a woman?
22	MR. BRADLEY: A man.
23	AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. One, two, three or one
24	man, two men, three men?
25	MR. BRADLEY: I think it was two.

AGENT SIMOCK: Two men. Okay. And what were they saying to Andria?

MR. BRADLEY: I told you she can tell you, I tell you that. When I come out I was what the fuck you doing. (Unintelligible). Mother fucker, you can't take that shit (unintelligible) and at the same time she oh, hurry up, hurry up. I'm like hurry up for what. I don't know what to take it out of there and this and that, I'm going to do my thing and leave, you hear me. So, when the dude came out going upstairs he's like hey, hey, hey, hey, what you do with that, what you do with that. She come out oh (unintelligible) for the night and put that shit in there.

AGENT SIMOCK: She was going to pay for the stuff she was taking?

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, and there ain't even no point, she (unintelligible).

AGENT SIMOCK: Did they try to stop you at all, the managers?

MR. BRADLEY: I don't know the managers.

AGENT SIMOCK: The guy that was arguing with Andria, did he stop to you from leaving or tell you not to leave?

MR. BRADLEY: I didn't hear that, I was in the

1 car. AGENT SIMOCK: You didn't what? 2 MR. BRADLEY: I didn't hear. 3 AGENT SIMOCK: Oh, you didn't hear. 4 MR. BRADLEY: They was outside talking. 5 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. 6 That's what I'm saying. 7 MR. BRADLEY: AGENT SIMOCK: Who was driving, you or Andria? 8 9 MR. BRADLEY: I was driving. 10 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. And did she get into -was the vehicle that crashed, did she get into that 11 12 one? 13 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 14 AGENT SIMOCK: Where did she get in, the 15 passengers side? 16 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 17 AGENT SIMOCK: In the front or the back? MR. BRADLEY: The front. 18 19 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. And then what happened? 20 MR. BRADLEY: I'm sitting there, she talking to them outside, they talking, I don't know what they 21 22 saying, they talking outside, and she got in the car

AGENT SIMOCK: And did you go? 24

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MR. BRADLEY: I can't hear what they talking

and she's like come on, let's go, let's go.

1 about so yeah. AGENT SIMOCK: When you -- when you were going, 2 3 and remember, we talked to Andria, both of us did and she was very honest. 4 MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 5 AGENT SIMOCK: Did he -- did you hit either one 6 7 of them with the vehicle? MR. BRADLEY: No. 8 9 AGENT SIMOCK: Or run over something off them? 10 MR. BRADLEY: No, sir. 11 AGENT SIMOCK: You sure? MR. BRADLEY: If I hit somebody, I'm going to 12 13 hit somebody. 14 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. 15 MR. BRADLEY: I ain't (unintelligible). I want 16 you to call the dude. 17 THE WITNESS: Okay. What's that? 18 MR. BRADLEY: I said I want you 19 (unintelligible) if I remember. 20 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. You mean the guy from --21 the manager? MR. BRADLEY: Yeah. 22 AGENT SIMOCK: What do you want me to tell him? 23 24 MR. BRADLEY: Whatever you want to tell him.

(Unintelligible) if I hit him with the crazy bitch

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doing all (unintelligible).

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AGENT SIMOCK: How long after this thing with the manager at the motel behind the I-Hop did you meet up with the deputy with the shooting? How much longer after that happened was it that you met up with the deputy that you shot.

MR. BRADLEY: I think it was like twenty minutes.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. So, it was a short time later, fair to say? Not very long?

> MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm.

AGENT SIMOCK: Did you think when the deputy was pulling you over that it might have something to do with what happened at the motel?

MR. BRADLEY: I didn't know that if anything somebody would calling the police or anything like that.

AGENT SIMOCK: Okay.

MR. BRADLEY: I ain't no if I no person, what do I need to.

AGENT SIMOCK: You don't know if you hit the person?

> I'm saying like --MR. BRADLEY:

AGENT SIMOCK: I'm asking. I'm asking. Ι thought that's what you said, that's why I wanted to

clarify it.

MR. BRADLEY: I was saying with the (unintelligible) ain't going to be no pussy or whatever and be trying to (unintelligible), I'm going to hit you. You feeling me. And if he's saying oh, he hit me and this and that, that's what I.

AGENT SIMOCK: Did they say they were going to call the sheriff's office?

MR. BRADLEY: I was in the car.

AGENT SIMOCK: Did she -- did Andria tell you that they were calling the sheriff's office?

MR. BRADLEY: I can't tell you.

AGENT SIMOCK: All right. Is it safe to say that you left pretty much in a hurry?

MR. BRADLEY: That's really what she telling me to go. I don't who called who, I'm in the car. You feeling me. If I (unintelligible) and we arguing over whatever or they arguing and she's saying lets go, lets go, I sat there like what's up.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Well, we asked her about that and she said that you ran his foot over and then you stopped and you asked if he's straight. You did stop and ask if he was straight and then you peeled away, that's what she said.

AGENT SIMOCK: Which shows you had some concern

for they guy.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah, she did say that.

MR. BRADLEY: Well, I swear to god I don't remember hitting him.

AGENT SPADAFORA: Could it have happened and you don't remember?

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, I stopped and I be like, you feeling me, like I remember (unintelligible). If I want to be nasty and nasty, I can be nasty but I don't like that shit.

AGENT SIMOCK: Well, maybe you backed over him again. I mean, it wasn't like you tried to back over him again.

MR. BRADLEY: I can understand but --

AGENT SPADAFORA: She was saying that they came -- I'll demonstrate. You're driving and they came out ho, ho, ho and you tried to go between them, was that -- did you dry to drive between two people?

MR. BRADLEY: Between two people?

AGENT SPADAFORA: Yeah?

MR. BRADLEY: It was here, they was here, I was on the outside.

AGENT SIMOCK: Right. You went around the outside?

MR. BRADLEY: We both were here.

AGENT SIMOCK: So, you just hit one of them 1 that was on the outside, the one that was closer to 2 3 the passengers side. MR. BRADLEY: Hit. I don't -- see, that's --4 don't throw words in my mouth, sir. 5 AGENT SIMOCK: I'm asking. 6 7 MR. BRADLEY: Fighting fire. AGENT SIMOCK: At any time during this 8 9 interview if I stay something that's not true, 10 correct me. Okay. Just stop me and say, hey, man 11 that's not right. Now, going -- the truck you were driving, where 12 13 did you get that from? 14 MR. BRADLEY: My friend. 15 AGENT SIMOCK: What's his name? 16 MR. BRADLEY: I got all the papers in my 17 pocket. AGENT SIMOCK: Did you buy the truck from him 18 19 or borrow it or? 20 MR. BRADLEY: I borrowed it. AGENT SIMOCK: You borrowed it from him? 21 22 MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 23 AGENT SIMOCK: Okay. The papers were in the 24 pocket?

MR. BRADLEY: Yeah, in my back pocket,

1 registration, insurance, all that. AGENT SIMOCK: What's his name? Do you know 2 3 his name? 4 MR. BRADLEY: I don't know his name. 5 AGENT SIMOCK: White dude, black dude? 6 MR. BRADLEY: White. 7 AGENT SIMOCK: White dude? MR. BRADLEY: Um-hmm. 8 9 AGENT SIMOCK: And you don't know his name? 10 MR. BRADLEY: Huh-uh. 11 AGENT SIMOCK: And whose -- did you make any -did you call anybody, you know, after the deputy was 12 13 shot, did you make any phone calls, call anybody? 14 MR. BRADLEY: No, my phone -- I don't even know 15 where my phone is. 16 AGENT SIMOCK: Who's Yellow? 17 MR. BRADLEY: Yellow? 18 AGENT SIMOCK: Who's that? 19 MR. BRADLEY: I know Jeff, I don't know no 20 Yellow. 21 AGENT SIMOCK: Who do you know? 22 MR. BRADLEY: Jeff. 23 24

(CONTINUED TO VOLUME VII)